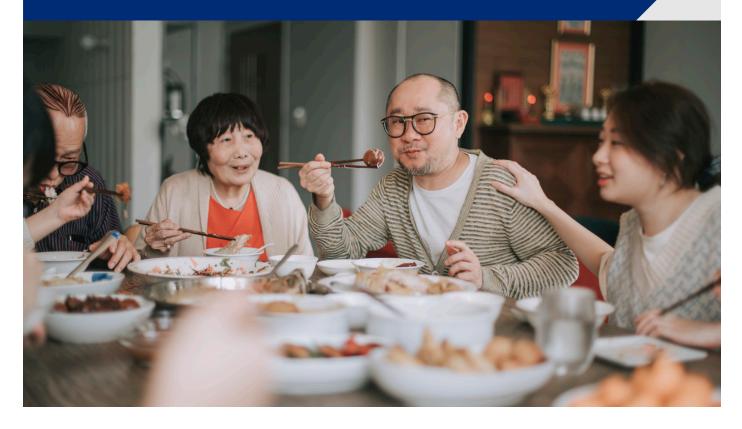


**Empirical Bayes Shrinkage Estimates of State Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Participation Rates: Fiscal Year** 2020 and Fiscal Year 2022



**Final Report** 

February 2025

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**Final Report** 

#### February 2025

Karen Cunnyngham, Mathematica

#### Submitted to:

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#### Disclaimer

The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and should not be construed to represent any official USDA or U.S. Government determination or policy.

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### **Executive Summary**

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) helps eligible individuals with low incomes buy food to feed themselves and their households. SNAP is the largest of the domestic nutrition assistance programs administered by the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). During fiscal year 2024, the program served 41.7 million people in an average month and provided \$93.7 billion in benefits.

This report presents estimates of the program's effectiveness at reaching its target population in each State and the District of Columbia for fiscal years 2020 and 2022. The program's effective reach is measured by estimated SNAP participation rates, or the percentage of people eligible for SNAP benefits under Federal income and resource rules who participate in the program.

The COVID-19 public health emergency affected the quality of the data used to estimate SNAP participation rates from March 2020 through June 2021. As a result, the fiscal year 2020 participation rates reflect the pre-pandemic period of October 2019 through February 2020, and we did not estimate participation rates for fiscal year 2021 due to inadequate data for most of that year. Because of seasonality both in the data and introduced by our methodology, using 5 months rather than 12 months of fiscal year 2020 data resulted in an underestimate of SNAP participation rates for fiscal year 2020 (Vigil and Rahmi 2024). In addition, because of the smaller sample size for fiscal year 2020, this report does not include estimates of SNAP participation rates for any State subgroups, such as people in households with earnings. However, to maintain consistency with estimates for earlier years, we used estimates for people in households with earnings along with estimates of all eligible people to derive this report's final shrinkage estimates.

The State participation rate estimates for all eligible people were derived by using empirical Bayes shrinkage estimation methods and data from the Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (CPS ASEC), the American Community Survey (ACS), and administrative records. The shrinkage estimator averaged direct estimates of participation rates with predictions from a regression model. The regression predictions were based on observed indicators of socioeconomic conditions in the States, such as the percentage of a State's population receiving SNAP benefits. Shrinkage estimators improve precision by "borrowing strength," that is, by using data for several years from all the States to derive each State's estimates for a given year and by using data from multiple sources, including sample surveys and administrative data. On average, 90 percent confidence intervals for fiscal year 2022 shrinkage estimates were 41 percent narrower than the corresponding confidence intervals for direct estimates. This report describes the shrinkage estimator in detail.

Final shrinkage estimates for fiscal year 2020 presented in this report differ slightly from the estimates presented in Cunnyngham (2023a) and Cunnyngham (2023b) because of annual updates to the years of data and regression model used. As a result, the estimates presented in this report should not be compared to those published in earlier reports.

### I. Introduction

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) provides nutrition assistance to eligible individuals and households that need this assistance. SNAP is the largest of the domestic nutrition assistance programs administered by the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. During fiscal year (FY) 2024, the program served 41.7 million people in an average month, providing \$93.7 billion in benefits annually.

This report presents estimates that measure the program's effectiveness at reaching its target population in each State and the District of Columbia for FY 2020 to FY 2022. Cunnyngham (2025) also reports the estimates presented here and compares them with one another. The program's effective reach is measured by estimated SNAP participation rates—the percentage of people eligible for SNAP benefits under Federal income and resource rules who participate in the program.

The COVID-19 public health emergency affected the quality of the data used to estimate SNAP participation rates from March 2020 through June 2021. As a result, the fiscal year 2020 participation rates reflect the pre-pandemic period of October 2019 through February 2020, and we did not estimate participation rates for fiscal year 2021. Because of seasonality both in the data and introduced by our methodology, using 5 months rather than 12 months of fiscal year 2020 data resulted in an underestimate of SNAP participation rates for fiscal year 2020 (Vigil and Rahmi 2024). In addition, because of the smaller sample size for fiscal year 2020, this report does not include estimates of SNAP participation rates for any State subgroups, such as people in households with earnings. However, to maintain consistency with estimates for earlier years, we used estimates for people in households with earnings along with estimates

of all eligible people to derive this report's final shrinkage estimates.

We derived estimates for each State in both fiscal years by using empirical Bayes shrinkage estimation methods. Specifically, we used a shrinkage estimator that optimally averaged direct estimates of SNAP participation rates with predictions from a regression model. We obtained the direct estimates (1) by applying SNAP eligibility rules to households in the Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement (CPS ASEC) to estimate numbers of eligible people and (2) by using SNAP Quality Control (QC) data to estimate numbers of participating people. The regression predictions drew on data from the American Community Survey (ACS), individual tax returns, population estimates, and administrative records. The rest of this introductory chapter provides an overview of indirect estimation and our

#### **U.S. Census Bureau data**

The **Current Population Survey** is conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics and is the primary source of current information on the labor force characteristics of the U.S. population. The survey's Annual Social and Economic Supplement includes additional data on work experience, income, and noncash benefits and is based on a sample size of just under 100,000 households.

The **American Community Survey** is conducted monthly. Designed to replace the decennial census long form, it collects economic, social, demographic, and housing information on about 3 million households annually.

The Census Bureau develops annual **population estimates** by using decennial census population estimates along with administrative records and other data on births, deaths, net domestic migration, and net international migration.

More information on these data sources is available at <u>http://www.census.gov</u>.

shrinkage estimator. In Chapter II, we describe, step by step, how we derived the shrinkage estimates presented here; in Chapter III, we present State SNAP participation rate estimates. Technical details and additional information about our estimation methods appear in Appendix A. The figures presented in Cunnyngham (2024) appear in Appendix B.

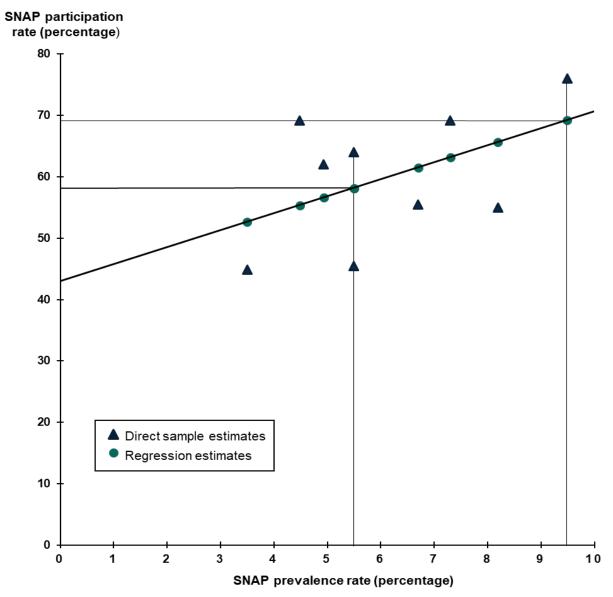
**Direct estimates.** The principal challenge in deriving State estimates such as those presented in this report is the small sample size of the CPS ASEC. The optimal survey for estimating State SNAP eligibility (1) would be based on a large sample for all States, (2) would be representative at the State level, and (3) would contain detail on the household relationships and income sources needed to estimate program eligibility. Among the three leading surveys, the CPS ASEC comes closest to meeting these standards despite its small sample size for most States. Another national household survey, the Survey of Income and Program Participation, contains more detail on relationships and income than the CPS ASEC, but it is not representative at the State level and is based on even smaller State samples than the CPS ASEC. The third candidate, the ACS, is much larger than the CPS ASEC, but it has fewer details on relationships and income sources. In addition, unlike the CPS ASEC's fixed reference period of the previous calendar year for all households, the ACS's reference period is the previous 12 months and therefore varies across households by up to a year, depending on when respondents completed the survey. For these reasons, we use the CPS ASEC to estimate SNAP eligibility.

However, for many States, estimates of SNAP eligibility and participation rates based solely on the CPS ASEC sample for the State and time period in question, or "direct" estimates, are imprecise. For example, to directly estimate the number of people in New Jersey who were eligible for SNAP in FY 2022, we used only FY 2022 CPS ASEC data on households from New Jersey. Given the potential errors introduced by the CPS ASEC surveying a small number of families in New Jersey, we can be confident—by a commonly used standard, a 90 percent confidence interval—that New Jersey's SNAP participation rate in FY 2022 ranged between about 76 and 89 percent. This range is wide, although typical, reflecting our substantial uncertainty about New Jersey's actual participation rate.

**Indirect estimators.** To improve precision, statisticians have developed indirect estimators, which borrow strength by using data from additional States, time periods, or data sources. The assumption underlying indirect estimation is that what happened in other States and in other years is relevant to estimating what happened in a particular State in a particular year.

One type of indirect estimator is the shrinkage estimator, which averages estimates obtained from different methods. In an early application of shrinkage methods, Fay and Herriott (1979) developed a shrinkage estimator that combined direct sample and regression estimates of per capita income for small places that were used to allocate funds under the General Revenue Sharing Program. For FNS, Schirm and DiCarlo (1998) developed a shrinkage estimator to derive estimates of State participation rates for the Food Stamp Program (the previous name for SNAP) and found that the shrinkage estimates were substantially more precise than the corresponding direct estimates—the shrinkage 90 percent confidence intervals were, on average, about 64 percent as wide as (or 46 percent narrower than) the corresponding sample confidence intervals. FNS has been publishing annual estimates of State participation rates for the Food Stamp Program and later, SNAP, since Schirm (2000) estimated rates for September 1997.

**Regression estimates.** Regression estimates are predictions based on either non-sample or highly precise sample data. In Exhibit I.1, we illustrate how a regression estimator works. The simple example in the exhibit involves only nine States and data for just one year on one predictor—the SNAP "prevalence" rate—that will be used to predict each State's SNAP participation rate. The SNAP prevalence rate is the percentage of all people (eligible and ineligible combined) who received SNAP benefits, in contrast to the SNAP participation rate, which is the percentage of eligible people who received SNAP benefits. The triangles in the exhibit correspond to direct sample estimates; a triangle shows the prevalence rate in a State (horizontal axis) and the direct estimate of the participation rate in that State (vertical axis).





Not surprisingly, the graph suggests that prevalence and participation rates are systematically associated. States with higher percentages of all people participating in SNAP tend to have higher percentages of

eligible people participating in the program, although the relationship is far from perfect. To measure the relationship between prevalence and participation rates and derive predictions, we can use a technique called "least squares regression" to draw a line through the triangles. Regression estimates of participation rates are points on that line, as indicated by the circles in Exhibit I.1. The predicted participation rate for a particular State is obtained by moving up or down from the State's direct sample estimate (the triangle) to the regression line (where there is a circle) and reading the value from the vertical axis. For example, the regression estimator predicts a participation rate of just under 60 percent for both States with prevalence rates of about 5.5 percent. In contrast, for the State with a prevalence rate of about 9.5 percent, the predicted participation rate is nearly 70 percent.

**Comparison of direct and regression estimators.** A comparison of how the direct and regression estimators use data illustrates how the regression estimator borrows strength to improve precision. With Tennessee as an example again, we used only one year of CPS ASEC sample data from the State to estimate Tennessee's participation rate in that year. To derive regression estimates, we estimated a regression line from sample, administrative, and ACS data for several years and all the States and used the estimated line (with administrative and ACS data for Tennessee) to predict Tennessee's participation rate in a given year. In other words, the regression estimator not only uses the direct estimates from every State for several years to develop a regression estimate for a single State in a single year, but it also incorporates data from outside the sample—namely, data in administrative records systems and the ACS. To improve precision even further, the estimator borrows strength across groups—all eligible people and people in households with earnings—by deriving estimates for the groups jointly.

The regression estimator can improve precision by using additional data to identify States with direct estimates that seem too high or too low because of sampling error (error from drawing a sample of the population that has a higher or lower participation rate than does the entire State population). For example, when a State has a low SNAP prevalence rate and values for other predictors that are consistent with a low SNAP participation rate, our regression estimator will predict a low participation rate for that State is high, the regression estimate will be lower than the direct estimate. On the other hand, if the sample data for a State show a lower participation rate than expected in light of the SNAP prevalence rate and the other predictors, the regression estimate for that State will be higher than the direct estimate.

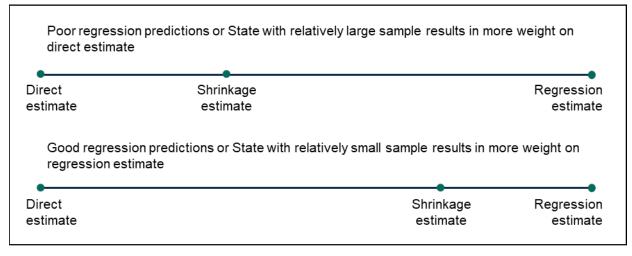
A limitation of the regression estimator is bias. Some States actually have higher or lower participation rates than predicted with the regression estimator. Such errors in regression estimates reflect bias. Although the regression estimator borrows strength by using data for all the States and several years as well as administrative and ACS data, it makes no further use of the sample data after estimating the regression line. It treats the entire difference between the sample and regression estimates as sampling error (that is, error in the direct estimate). It makes no allowance for prediction error (that is, error in the assumption underlying the regression estimator is that the rates do lie on the regression line.

**Shrinkage estimator.** The shrinkage estimator strikes a compromise between the limitations of the direct estimator (imprecision) and the regression estimator (bias) by combining the two estimates. As illustrated in Exhibit I.2, the shrinkage estimator takes a weighted average of the direct and regression estimates,

weighting them according to their relative precision. When the direct estimate is more precise than the regression estimate, the estimator gives more weight to the direct estimate. On the other hand, when the regression estimate is more precise than the direct estimate, the estimator gives more weight to the regression estimate. The larger samples drawn in large States support more precise direct estimates; as a result, shrinkage estimates tend to be closer to the direct estimates for large States. The weight given to the regression estimate depends on how well the regression line "fits." If we find good predictors reflecting why some States have higher participation rates than other States, we say that the regression line "fits well." The shrinkage estimate will be closer to the regression estimate when the regression line fits well than when the line fits poorly (Appendix A describes the methods used to produce the estimates in this report.)

The direct and regression estimates are optimally weighted to improve accuracy by minimizing a measure of error that reflects both imprecision and bias. By accepting a little bias, the shrinkage estimator may be substantially more precise than the direct sample estimator. By sacrificing a little precision, the shrinkage estimator may be substantially less biased than the regression estimator. The shrinkage estimator optimizes the trade-off between imprecision and bias.

#### Exhibit I.2. Shrinkage estimation



### II. A Step-by-Step Guide to Deriving State Estimates

Here, we describe our procedure for estimating State SNAP participation rates and the number of people eligible for SNAP benefits. The procedure, summarized by the flowchart in Exhibit II.1, involves the following four steps:

- 1. From CPS ASEC data, SNAP administrative data, and population estimates, derive direct estimates of State SNAP participation rates
- 2. Using a regression model and the direct estimates derived in Step 1, predict State SNAP participation rates based on SNAP administrative, individual income tax, and ACS data and population estimates
- 3. Using a shrinkage estimator, average the direct estimates from Step 1 and the regression predictions from Step 2 to obtain preliminary shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates
- 4. Obtain final shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates by using national estimates of eligible people derived from the CPS ASEC to adjust the preliminary shrinkage estimates from Step 3

We describe each step in the remainder of this chapter, with additional technical details in Appendix A.

#### A. From CPS ASEC data and SNAP administrative data, derive direct estimates of State SNAP participation rates

A SNAP participation rate is obtained by dividing an estimate of the number of people participating in SNAP by an estimate of the number of people eligible for SNAP, with the resulting ratio expressed as a percentage. We used SNAP QC data to estimate numbers of participants in an average month in the fiscal year and CPS ASEC data to estimate numbers of eligible people in an average month. Because the CPS ASEC collects income data for the previous calendar year, we obtained estimates of eligible people in a fiscal year by using two years of CPS ASEC data. For example, we used the 2022 CPS ASEC to estimate SNAP eligibility for October to December 2021 and the 2023 CPS ASEC to estimate SNAP eligibility for January to September 2022. Appendix A presents direct estimates and their standard errors in each State for both fiscal years.

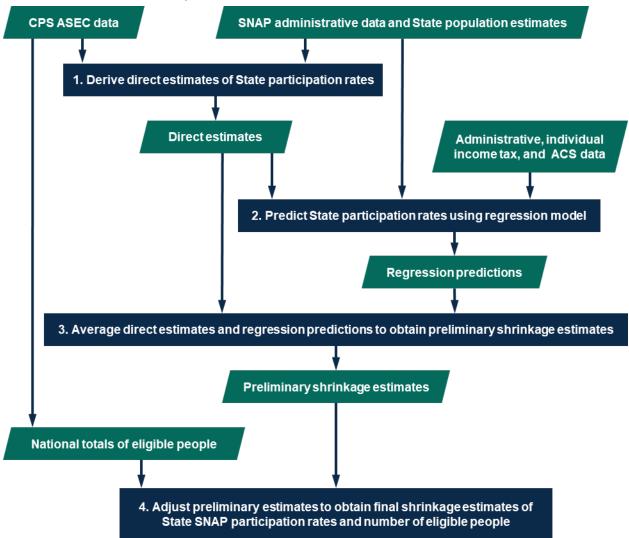
# B. Using a regression model, predict State SNAP participation rates based on administrative, ACS, and other data

To derive regression estimates, we included both years and all States, not just one year and nine States as in our example in Chapter 1. We also used eight predictors, not just one. The eight predictors used for the estimates in this report measure the following:

- 1. The percentage of the population that correctly received SNAP benefits according to administrative data and population estimates.
- 2. The percentage of families with income under \$20,000 in the past 12 months according to ACS oneyear estimates.
- 3. The median household income according to ACS one-year estimates.

- 4. The percentage of the civilian employed population over age 16 who are private wage and salary workers according to ACS one-year estimates.
- 5. The change in the estimated population on July 1 compared to the previous year according to Census Bureau population estimates.
- 6. The percentage of people not claimed on tax returns or claimed on tax returns with adjusted gross income under the federal poverty level according to individual income tax data and population estimates.
- 7. The percentage of individuals over age 65 that received Supplemental Security Income according to administrative records and population estimates.
- 8. An indicator of whether a State had a broad-based categorical eligibility (BBCE) policy that did not have a resource test and covered all income-eligible people.

Exhibit II.1. The estimation procedure



CPS ASEC = Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement; SNAP = Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; ACS = American Community Survey.

These eight predictors were selected as the best from a longer list in Table A.9, which provides complete definitions and sources for the predictors. The second, fourth, and seventh predictors were included in the model that estimated rates for fiscal years 2018 to 2020. In addition, the first, sixth, and eighth predictors are similar to predicators included the previous model. Those previous predictors were, respectively, (1) the percentage of the population receiving SNAP benefits according to administrative data and population estimates, (2) the percentage of all children not claimed on tax returns or claimed on tax returns with adjusted gross income under the federal poverty level according to individual income tax data and population estimates, and (3) an indicator of whether a State had a resource test because it either did not use BBCE or included a resource test in its BBCE policy. Other predictors used in the previous model but not the current one are (1) the percentage of individuals age 25 and older who have completed a bachelor's degree and (2) the percentage of individuals over age 65 with household income under 100 percent of the federal poverty level according to ACS one-year estimates.

The regression equations do not express causal relationships. Rather, they imply only statistical associations. For this reason, predictors are often called "symptomatic indicators." They are symptomatic of differences among States in conditions associated with higher or lower participation rates.

Appendix A presents the regression estimates and their standard errors. The standard errors tend to be similar across the States and much smaller than the largest standard errors for direct estimates, reflecting substantial gains in precision from regression for States with the most error-prone direct estimates.

# C. Using shrinkage methods, average the direct estimates and regression predictions to obtain preliminary shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates

To derive preliminary estimates of State SNAP participation rates, we used an empirical Bayes shrinkage estimator to average the direct estimates calculated in Step 1 and the regression predictions from Step 2. (Appendix A describes the empirical Bayes methods we used.) We call the estimates from this step preliminary because we make some adjustments to them in the next step. Appendix A presents the preliminary shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates.

# D. Obtain final shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates and number of eligible people

We adjusted the preliminary shrinkage estimates of participation rates in two ways. First, we adjusted the rates so that the counts of eligible people implied by the rates sum to the national count of eligible people estimated directly from the CPS ASEC. Second, we adjusted the rates so that no State's estimated rate exceeded 100 percent. We carried out these adjustments separately for each year; the following description of the adjustments focuses on the FY 2022 estimates. In Appendix A, we describe the results of the adjustments for other years and discuss our adjustment method in more detail.

To implement the first adjustment, we calculated preliminary estimates of the number of eligible people from the preliminary estimates of participation rates derived in Step 3 and the administrative estimates of the number of SNAP participants obtained in Step 1. For FY 2022, the State estimates of eligible people summed to 39,330,801, whereas the national total estimated directly from the CPS ASEC was 38,278,702.

To obtain estimated numbers of eligible people for States that sum (aside from rounding error) to the direct estimate of the national total, we multiplied each of the State preliminary estimates of eligible people by the ratio of 38,278,702 divided by 39,330,801, or 0.9732. Such benchmarking of estimates for smaller areas to a relatively precise estimated total for a larger area is common practice. (See, for example, Doppelt and Haley [2020] for a discussion of the Bureau of Labor Statistics benchmarking of the Current Employment Statistics.)

After carrying out this first adjustment, the District of Columbia and eight States—Illinois, Massachusetts, New Mexico, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Washington, and Wisconsin—had fewer estimated eligible people than estimated eligible participants in FY 2022, incorrectly implying participation rates over 100 percent. To cap participation rates at 100 percent, we performed a second adjustment. Specifically, we increased the number of eligible people in the District of Columbia and the eight States listed above so that the number of eligible people in those States equaled the number of participants. We reduced the number of eligible people in the other 42 States by an equivalent number and in proportion to their number of eligible people. The adjustment raised the participation rates of the 42 States by between 1.4 and 2.4 percentage points but did not change the national total or State rankings.

Applying this adjustment, we obtained our final shrinkage estimates of the number of people eligible for SNAP. From those estimates and our administrative estimates of the number of SNAP participants, we derived final shrinkage estimates of participation rates. We present those estimates in the next chapter.

# III. State Estimates of SNAP Participation Rates and Number of Eligible People

In Table III.1, we present our final shrinkage estimates of SNAP participation rates and the number of people eligible in each State for FY 2020 and FY 2022. The shrinkage estimates are relatively precise; they have much smaller standard errors and narrower confidence intervals than the CPS ASEC direct estimates. In Tables III.2 and III.3, we provide approximate 90 percent confidence intervals showing the uncertainty remaining after using shrinkage estimation to derive the estimates in Table III.1. One interpretation of a 90 percent confidence interval is that there is a 90 percent chance that the true value—that is, the true participation rate or the true number of eligible people—falls within the estimated bounds. For example, although our best estimate is that New Jersey's participation rate was 91 percent in FY 2022 (Table III.1), the true rate may have been higher or lower. However, according to Table III.3, the chances are 90 in 100 that the true rate was between 85 and 98 percent, an interval that is 44 percent narrower than the interval (76 and 99 percent, as cited in Chapter I) around the direct estimate. A narrower interval means we are less uncertain about the true value. On average, shrinkage confidence intervals for FY 2022 participation rates for all eligible people were 41 percent narrower than the corresponding direct confidence interval. Thus, shrinkage estimation substantially improves precision and reduces our uncertainty.

Despite the impressive gains in precision, substantial uncertainty about the true participation rates for some States remains even after application of shrinkage methods. Nevertheless, as discussed in Cunnyngham (2024), the shrinkage estimates are sufficiently precise to show, for example, whether a State's SNAP participation rate was probably near the top, near the bottom, or in the middle of the distribution of rates in a given year. That is enough information for many important purposes, such as guiding an initiative to improve program performance.

Final shrinkage estimates presented in this report for FY 2020 differ slightly from the estimates presented in Cunnyngham (2023a) and Cunnyngham (2023b) for two reasons:

- 1. The shrinkage estimator uses data from multiple years to estimate participation rates for each year. Annually, data for the most recent year are added and data for the oldest year are dropped. As a result, the FY 2020 estimates presented in this report are based on 2020 and 2022 data, while the corresponding estimates published in Cunnyngham (2023a) and Cunnyngham (2023b) are based on 2018 to 2020 data.
- 2. The shrinkage estimator incorporates a regression model that is updated each year. Each year, we choose a regression model that best predicts participation rates for all years being estimated. Although we place a premium on maintaining consistency in regression predictors from year to year, differences between the data used in the previous estimates and data used in the current estimates resulted in the use of a different regression model. Different regression models lead to slight differences in predicted participation rates, which in turn lead to slight differences in estimated participation rates.

Given these updates, the none of the estimates in this report should be compared to those published in earlier reports.

**Table III.1.** Final shrinkage estimates of SNAP participation rates and number of people eligible

 for SNAP

|                      | Participation rate (percent) |         | Number of eligible people (thousands) |         |  |
|----------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|--|
|                      | FY 2020                      | FY 2022 | FY 2020                               | FY 2022 |  |
| Alabama              | 88                           | 90      | 762                                   | 797     |  |
| Alaska               | 81                           | 73      | 91                                    | 70      |  |
| Arizona              | 73                           | 77      | 920                                   | 822     |  |
| Arkansas             | 64                           | 59      | 505                                   | 454     |  |
| California           | 67                           | 81      | 5,290                                 | 4,618   |  |
| Colorado             | 80                           | 100     | 483                                   | 428     |  |
| Connecticut          | 93                           | 98      | 315                                   | 305     |  |
| Delaware             | 96                           | 91      | 96                                    | 92      |  |
| District of Columbia | 96                           | 100     | 106                                   | 124     |  |
| Florida              | 77                           | 81      | 3,094                                 | 2,927   |  |
| Georgia              | 76                           | 92      | 1,618                                 | 1,535   |  |
| Hawaii               | 85                           | 81      | 162                                   | 161     |  |
| Idaho                | 83                           | 73      | 159                                   | 156     |  |
| Illinois             | 100                          | 100     | 1,464                                 | 1,540   |  |
| Indiana              | 76                           | 89      | 694                                   | 625     |  |
| lowa                 | 89                           | 98      | 277                                   | 224     |  |
| Kansas               | 67                           | 79      | 282                                   | 231     |  |
| Kentucky             | 65                           | 75      | 704                                   | 633     |  |
| Louisiana            | 87                           | 99      | 889                                   | 776     |  |
| Maine                | 85                           | 94      | 147                                   | 126     |  |
| Maryland             | 91                           | 85      | 579                                   | 543     |  |
| Massachusetts        | 100                          | 100     | 629                                   | 816     |  |
| Michigan             | 84                           | 100     | 1,185                                 | 1,027   |  |
| Minnesota            | 80                           | 93      | 429                                   | 372     |  |
| Mississippi          | 63                           | 74      | 661                                   | 546     |  |
| Missouri             | 86                           | 92      | 747                                   | 651     |  |
| Montana              | 78                           | 75      | 112                                   | 99      |  |
| Nebraska             | 84                           | 93      | 168                                   | 144     |  |
| Nevada               | 89                           | 98      | 370                                   | 350     |  |
| New Hampshire        | 81                           | 82      | 78                                    | 68      |  |
| New Jersey           | 80                           | 91      | 746                                   | 775     |  |
| New Mexico           | 100                          | 100     | 403                                   | 439     |  |
| New York             | 84                           | 91      | 2,651                                 | 2,558   |  |
| North Carolina       | 73                           | 95      | 1,468                                 | 1,273   |  |
| North Dakota         | 67                           | 81      | 56                                    | 46      |  |
| Ohio                 | 85                           | 99      | 1,438                                 | 1,307   |  |
| Oklahoma             | 89                           | 98      | 602                                   | 597     |  |

#### Chapter III State Estimates of SNAP Participation Rates and Number of Eligible People

|                | Participation rate (percent) |         | Number of eligible people (thousa |         |
|----------------|------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------|
|                | FY 2020                      | FY 2022 | FY 2020                           | FY 2022 |
| Oregon         | 100                          | 100     | 503                               | 483     |
| Pennsylvania   | 100                          | 100     | 1,520                             | 1,387   |
| Rhode Island   | 100                          | 100     | 119                               | 112     |
| South Carolina | 72                           | 76      | 750                               | 733     |
| South Dakota   | 83                           | 84      | 92                                | 80      |
| Tennessee      | 87                           | 84      | 939                               | 869     |
| Texas          | 74                           | 74      | 3,895                             | 3,846   |
| Utah           | 78                           | 76      | 203                               | 197     |
| Vermont        | 96                           | 99      | 57                                | 55      |
| Virginia       | 79                           | 83      | 834                               | 804     |
| Washington     | 100                          | 100     | 657                               | 625     |
| West Virginia  | 91                           | 98      | 291                               | 255     |
| Wisconsin      | 97                           | 100     | 522                               | 528     |
| Wyoming        | 52                           | 63      | 47                                | 47      |
| United States  | 81                           | 88      | 40,807                            | 38,279  |

| Table III.2. Approximate 90 percent confidence intervals for final shrinkage estimates for FY |
|---|
| 2020  |

|                      | Participation rate (percent) |             | Number of eligible people (thousa |             |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
|                      | Lower bound                  | Upper bound | Lower bound                       | Upper bound |
| Alabama              | 81                           | 95          | 703                               | 820         |
| Alaska               | 74                           | 87          | 83                                | 98          |
| Arizona              | 66                           | 79          | 837                               | 1,002       |
| Arkansas             | 58                           | 69          | 462                               | 548         |
| California           | 65                           | 70          | 5,067                             | 5,512       |
| Colorado             | 74                           | 87          | 443                               | 523         |
| Connecticut          | 86                           | 100         | 292                               | 338         |
| Delaware             | 90                           | 100         | 89                                | 102         |
| District of Columbia | 88                           | 100         | 97                                | 114         |
| Florida              | 73                           | 81          | 2,931                             | 3,256       |
| Georgia              | 70                           | 81          | 1,504                             | 1,731       |
| Hawaii               | 79                           | 92          | 149                               | 175         |
| Idaho                | 77                           | 90          | 146                               | 172         |
| Illinois             | 93                           | 100         | 1,383                             | 1,546       |
| Indiana              | 71                           | 81          | 648                               | 741         |
| lowa                 | 83                           | 96          | 257                               | 296         |
| Kansas               | 61                           | 73          | 255                               | 309         |
| Kentucky             | 59                           | 70          | 642                               | 765         |
| Louisiana            | 82                           | 92          | 837                               | 941         |
| Maine                | 78                           | 91          | 135                               | 159         |
| Maryland             | 84                           | 98          | 535                               | 623         |
| Massachusetts        | 93                           | 100         | 586                               | 671         |
| Michigan             | 79                           | 90          | 1,111                             | 1,258       |
| Minnesota            | 74                           | 86          | 396                               | 463         |
| Mississippi          | 58                           | 68          | 604                               | 717         |
| Missouri             | 79                           | 93          | 686                               | 808         |
| Montana              | 72                           | 84          | 104                               | 121         |
| Nebraska             | 78                           | 91          | 155                               | 180         |
| Nevada               | 83                           | 95          | 345                               | 395         |
| New Hampshire        | 73                           | 88          | 71                                | 85          |
| New Jersey           | 74                           | 86          | 686                               | 806         |
| New Mexico           | 92                           | 100         | 375                               | 432         |
| New York             | 80                           | 88          | 2,524                             | 2,778       |
| North Carolina       | 68                           | 78          | 1,367                             | 1,569       |
| North Dakota         | 62                           | 73          | 51                                | 61          |
| Ohio                 | 80                           | 91          | 1,345                             | 1,531       |
| Oklahoma             | 83                           | 95          | 562                               | 643         |

#### Chapter III State Estimates of SNAP Participation Rates and Number of Eligible People

|                | Participation | Participation rate (percent) |             | people (thousands) |
|----------------|---------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
|                | Lower bound   | Upper bound                  | Lower bound | Upper bound        |
| Oregon         | 93            | 100                          | 469         | 536                |
| Pennsylvania   | 93            | 100                          | 1,436       | 1,605              |
| Rhode Island   | 93            | 100                          | 112         | 126                |
| South Carolina | 67            | 77                           | 699         | 802                |
| South Dakota   | 76            | 90                           | 84          | 100                |
| Tennessee      | 82            | 93                           | 877         | 1,001              |
| Texas          | 70            | 77                           | 3,697       | 4,092              |
| Utah           | 72            | 85                           | 186         | 220                |
| Vermont        | 89            | 100                          | 52          | 61                 |
| Virginia       | 73            | 86                           | 766         | 903                |
| Washington     | 91            | 100                          | 602         | 712                |
| West Virginia  | 84            | 98                           | 268         | 314                |
| Wisconsin      | 90            | 100                          | 484         | 560                |
| Wyoming        | 46            | 58                           | 42          | 53                 |
| United States  | 79            | 82                           | 40,161      | 41,452             |

| Table III.3. Approximate 90 percent confidence intervals for final shrinkage estimates for FY |  |
|---|--|
| 2022  |  |

|                      | Participation rate (percent) |             | Number of eligible people (thousands) |             |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
|                      | Lower bound                  | Upper bound | Lower bound                           | Upper bound |
| Alabama              | 84                           | 96          | 738                                   | 856         |
| Alaska               | 66                           | 79          | 63                                    | 77          |
| Arizona              | 72                           | 83          | 763                                   | 882         |
| Arkansas             | 54                           | 63          | 417                                   | 491         |
| California           | 77                           | 85          | 4,383                                 | 4,852       |
| Colorado             | 93                           | 100         | 395                                   | 461         |
| Connecticut          | 92                           | 100         | 283                                   | 326         |
| Delaware             | 85                           | 98          | 85                                    | 99          |
| District of Columbia | 90                           | 100         | 116                                   | 133         |
| Florida              | 76                           | 85          | 2,747                                 | 3,107       |
| Georgia              | 86                           | 98          | 1,428                                 | 1,642       |
| Hawaii               | 73                           | 88          | 146                                   | 177         |
| Idaho                | 68                           | 78          | 145                                   | 168         |
| Illinois             | 93                           | 100         | 1,466                                 | 1,614       |
| Indiana              | 83                           | 95          | 581                                   | 670         |
| lowa                 | 91                           | 100         | 207                                   | 241         |
| Kansas               | 72                           | 86          | 210                                   | 251         |
| Kentucky             | 69                           | 81          | 579                                   | 688         |
| Louisiana            | 93                           | 100         | 726                                   | 826         |
| Maine                | 87                           | 100         | 116                                   | 137         |
| Maryland             | 77                           | 93          | 492                                   | 595         |
| Massachusetts        | 92                           | 100         | 771                                   | 861         |
| Michigan             | 94                           | 100         | 965                                   | 1,089       |
| Minnesota            | 86                           | 100         | 344                                   | 401         |
| Mississippi          | 69                           | 78          | 508                                   | 585         |
| Missouri             | 85                           | 99          | 600                                   | 701         |
| Montana              | 69                           | 81          | 90                                    | 108         |
| Nebraska             | 86                           | 100         | 132                                   | 156         |
| Nevada               | 92                           | 100         | 326                                   | 375         |
| New Hampshire        | 75                           | 90          | 62                                    | 75          |
| New Jersey           | 85                           | 98          | 716                                   | 833         |
| New Mexico           | 90                           | 100         | 409                                   | 470         |
| New York             | 86                           | 96          | 2,415                                 | 2,700       |
| North Carolina       | 89                           | 100         | 1,194                                 | 1,352       |
| North Dakota         | 75                           | 88          | 42                                    | 50          |
| Ohio                 | 92                           | 100         | 1,217                                 | 1,397       |
| Oklahoma             | 92                           | 100         | 556                                   | 639         |

#### Chapter III State Estimates of SNAP Participation Rates and Number of Eligible People

|                | Participation | Participation rate (percent) |             | people (thousands) |
|----------------|---------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
|                | Lower bound   | Upper bound                  | Lower bound | Upper bound        |
| Oregon         | 92            | 100                          | 455         | 512                |
| Pennsylvania   | 93            | 100                          | 1,311       | 1,463              |
| Rhode Island   | 93            | 100                          | 104         | 120                |
| South Carolina | 70            | 82                           | 674         | 792                |
| South Dakota   | 76            | 92                           | 72          | 89                 |
| Tennessee      | 78            | 90                           | 804         | 934                |
| Texas          | 70            | 77                           | 3,654       | 4,039              |
| Utah           | 70            | 82                           | 180         | 214                |
| Vermont        | 92            | 100                          | 51          | 59                 |
| Virginia       | 77            | 90                           | 737         | 871                |
| Washington     | 93            | 100                          | 579         | 671                |
| West Virginia  | 92            | 100                          | 239         | 272                |
| Wisconsin      | 92            | 100                          | 495         | 560                |
| Wyoming        | 55            | 70                           | 41          | 53                 |
| United States  | 86            | 89                           | 37,609      | 38,948             |

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Appendix A

The Estimation Procedure: Additional Technical Details

This appendix provides additional information and technical details about our four-step procedure to estimate State SNAP participation rates. Each step is discussed in turn.

# 1. From CPS ASEC data and SNAP administrative data, derive direct estimates of State SNAP participation rates for the three fiscal years

We derived direct estimates of participation rates for all eligible people for a given fiscal year<sup>1</sup> according to the following formula:

(1) 
$$Y_{1,i} = 100 \frac{P_i(\varepsilon_{1,i}/100)}{(E_{1,i}/100)T_i},$$

where  $Y_{1,i}$  is the estimated participation rate for all eligible people for State i(i = 1,...,51);  $P_i$  is the number of people participating in SNAP according to adjusted SNAP Program Operations data;  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$  is the percentage of participating people who are correctly receiving benefits and eligible under federal SNAP rules according to SNAP Quality Control (SNAP QC) data;  $E_{1,i}$  is the estimated number of people who are eligible for SNAP according to a microsimulation model based on CPS ASEC data, expressed as a percentage of the CPS ASEC population; and  $T_i$  is the estimated resident population according to decennial census and administrative records (mainly vital statistics) data.

We estimated  $P_i$  by adjusting SNAP program operations data to exclude people who received SNAP benefits only because of a natural disaster. Data on participants, including counts of participants eligible only through disaster assistance, were provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service. SNAP Program Operations data include the full population of SNAP cases, so participant counts are not subject to sampling error.

We estimated  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$  (the correctly eligible rate for all households) from the SNAP QC sample data as follows:

(2) 
$$\varepsilon_{1,i} = 100 \frac{\sum_{h} m_{i,h} \varepsilon_{1,i,h}}{\sum_{h} m_{i,h}},$$

where *h* indexes households in a State's SNAP QC sample;  $m_{i,h}$  equals the number of people in household *h* times the weight for household *h*; and  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i,h}$  is an indicator that household *h* is eligible to receive SNAP benefits. We excluded from our estimates of participants two groups that are not included in our estimates of eligible people: (1) ineligible participants who received SNAP benefits in error and (2) participants who were eligible through State-expanded categorical eligibility policies but would not meet federal SNAP income and resource criteria.

We used the following formula to estimate the percentage of people who were eligible for SNAP:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The COVID-19 public health emergency affected the quality of the data used to estimate SNAP participation rates from March 2020 through June 2021. As a result, the fiscal year 2020 participation rates reflect the pre-pandemic period of October 2019 through February 2020 and we did not estimate participation rates for fiscal year 2021.

(3) 
$$E_{1,i} = 100 \frac{Z_{1,i}}{N_i},$$

where  $Z_{1,i}$  is the CPS ASEC estimate of the number of eligible people, and  $N_i$  is the CPS ASEC estimate of the population. Estimated percentages are more precise than estimated counts because the sampling errors in the numerators and denominators of percentages tend to be positively correlated and therefore partially cancel each other out.

We derived SNAP eligibility estimates  $(Z_{Li})$  by applying SNAP rules to CPS ASEC households. However, some key information needed to determine whether a household is eligible for SNAP is not collected in the CPS ASEC. For example, there are no data on resources or expenses deductible from gross income. Also, it is not possible to ascertain directly which members of a dwelling unit purchase and prepare food together or which members may be categorically ineligible for SNAP. Yet another limitation is that only annual, rather than monthly, income amounts are recorded.

We have developed methods, described in Vigil and Rahimi (2024), to address these data limitations. These methods include procedures for identifying the members of the SNAP household within the (potentially) larger CPS ASEC household, taking into account the restrictions on participation by noncitizens, distributing annual amounts across months, and imputing net income. Vigil and Rahimi (2024) also describes how we applied SNAP gross and net income tests and calculated the benefits an eligible household would qualify for.

To derive fiscal year estimates of eligibility, we combined two years of the CPS ASEC. For example, to estimate  $Z_{1,i}$  for FY 2022, we used data from the 2022 CPS ASEC (simulating October through December 2021) and the 2023 CPS ASEC (simulating January through February 2022). We restricted the FY 2020 eligibility simulation to October 2019 through February 2020 to match the available months of SNAP QC data. To estimate  $N_i$ , we used a weighted average of population estimates from the two CPS ASEC files.

The Census Bureau derives population estimates  $(T_i)$  by subtracting from decennial census counts people "exiting" the population (due to death or net out-migration) and adding people "entering" the population (due to birth or net in-migration).

**SNAP participation rates for people in households with earnings.** This report does not present estimates of State SNAP participation rates for people in households with earnings because of the smaller sample size for FY 2020. However, to maintain consistency with estimates for prior years, we used direct estimates for people in households with earnings, along with direct estimates of all eligible people, to derive shrinkage estimates for all eligible people. We derived direct estimates of participation rates for people in households with earnings for a given year according to the following formulas:

(4) 
$$Y_{2,i} = 100 \frac{P_i(\varepsilon_{2,i}/100)}{(E_{2,i}/100)T_i},$$

(5) 
$$\varepsilon_{2,i} = 100 \frac{\sum_{h} m_{i,h} \varepsilon_{2,i,h}}{\sum_{h} m_{i,h}}$$

and

(6) 
$$E_{2,i} = 100 \frac{Z_{2,i}}{N_i}$$
,

where  $Y_{2,i}$  is the estimated participation rate for people in households with earnings for State *i*;  $\mathcal{E}_{2,i}$  is the percentage of SNAP participants who are in households with earnings, correctly receiving SNAP benefits, and eligible under federal SNAP rules according to SNAP QC data;  $E_{2,i}$  is the percentage of people who are in households with earnings and eligible for SNAP according to the CPS ASEC;  $Z_{2,i}$  is the CPS ASEC estimate of the number of eligible people in households with earnings, and  $P_i$ ,  $T_i$ , h,  $m_{i,h}$ , and  $N_i$  are as defined in the opening paragraphs of this appendix.

We defined households with earnings as those that were eligible for SNAP and had a member who earned money from a job. Households with earnings were identified slightly differently in the SNAP QC data than in the CPS ASEC. Specifically, a participant household was identified as having earnings if the household had earned income according to the edited SNAP QC data file or, before editing, had multiple indicators of earnings that suggested a household was likely to have a member who worked. Exhibit A.1 describes the algorithm that identified households with earnings, and Leftin et al. (2024) describe the procedure for editing the SNAP QC data. An eligible household with earnings in the CPS ASEC was identified only on the basis of earnings.

#### Exhibit A.1. Algorithm to identify households with earnings

Households with earnings are defined with one of the following criteria:

- 1) Earnings in the edited SNAP QC data
- 2) Multiple indicators of earnings in the unedited SNAP QC data
  - a) At least one person with earned income AND
    - i) An earned income deduction or a workforce participation variable indicating employment OR
    - Earned and unearned income that sum to total income, or earned income with the earned income deduction already subtracted that, with unearned income, sums to the total income (some States subtract the earned income deduction from income deemed by an ineligible member before recording it on the file)
  - b) An earned income deduction AND
    - i) At least one person with a workforce participation variable indicating employment OR
    - ii) Earnings implied by the earned income deduction and unearned income that sum to total income OR
    - iii) Gross income that is more than the earned income implied by the earned income deduction, and both unearned and earned income equal zero (to account for household records that have no recorded individual income amounts but do have what appear to be consistent household-level indicators)

**Sampling variances.** In addition to our point estimates of participation rates, we need estimates of their sampling variability. We estimated the variances of  $Y_{1,i}$  and  $Y_{2,i}$  as follows:

(7)  $\operatorname{var}(Y_{1,i}) = \operatorname{variance} \operatorname{due} \operatorname{to} E_{1,i}$  when  $\varepsilon_{1,i}$  is fixed + variance due to  $\varepsilon_{1,i}$  when  $E_{1,i}$  is fixed =  $\operatorname{var}_{E_{1}|e_{1}}(Y_{1,i}) + \operatorname{var}_{\varepsilon_{1}|E_{1}}(Y_{1,i})$  and

(8)  $\operatorname{var}(Y_{2,i}) = \operatorname{variance} \operatorname{due} \operatorname{to} E_{2,i}$  when  $\varepsilon_{2,i}$  is fixed + variance due to  $\varepsilon_{2,i}$  when  $E_{2,i}$  is fixed =  $\operatorname{var}_{E_2|\varepsilon_2}(Y_{2,i}) + \operatorname{var}_{\varepsilon_2|E_2}(Y_{2,i})$ .

When a variable is held fixed, we fix it at its point estimate. Note that covariance terms are not needed because the estimates of  $E_{1,i}$  and  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$ , and the estimates of  $E_{2,i}$  and  $\mathcal{E}_{2,i}$ , are based on independent samples.

For a given year, we estimated  $\operatorname{var}_{E_1|\mathcal{E}_1}(Y_{1,i})$  and  $\operatorname{var}_{E_2|\mathcal{E}_2}(Y_{2,i})$  using a replication method called the Successive Difference Replication Method (SDRM) with 160 replicate weights developed by the U.S. Census Bureau for the CPS ASEC (U.S. Census Bureau 2006), resulting in the following formulas:

(9) 
$$\operatorname{var}_{E_{1}|\varepsilon_{1}}(Y_{1,i}) = \frac{4}{160} \sum_{r=1}^{160} (Y_{1,i(r)} - Y_{1,i})^{2}$$

and

(10) 
$$\operatorname{var}_{E_2|\mathcal{E}_2}(Y_{2,i}) = \frac{4}{160} \sum_{r=1}^{160} (Y_{2,i(r)} - Y_{2,i})^2$$

Where  $Y_{1,i(r)}$  and  $Y_{2,i(r)}$  are the  $r^{\text{th}}$  (r = 1, ..., 160) replicate estimate with the same form as  $Y_{1,i}$  and  $Y_{2,i,r}$  respectively, and calculated using the  $r^{\text{th}}$  set of replicate weights. The replicate estimates  $Y_{1,i(r)}$  are obtained by replicating  $E_{1,i}$ :

(11) 
$$E_{1,i(r)} = 100 \frac{Z_{1,i(r)}}{N_{i(r)}}$$

and

(12) 
$$Y_{1,i(r)} = 100 \frac{P_i(\varepsilon_{1,i}/100)}{(E_{1,i(r)}/100)T_i}$$

Similarly, the replicate estimates  $Y_{2,i(r)}$  are obtained by replicating  $E_{2,i}$ :

(13) 
$$E_{2,i(r)} = 100 \frac{Z_{2,i(r)}}{N_{i(r)}}$$

and

(14) 
$$Y_{2,i(r)} = 100 \frac{P_i(\varepsilon_{2,i}/100)}{(E_{2,i(r)}/100)T_i}$$

Rates for correctly eligible participants are also subject to sampling error, although this sampling error is small relative to other sources of error in the estimated participation rates. Based on Equation (1) and Equation (4), respectively, we can estimate  $\operatorname{var}_{\epsilon_1|E_1}(Y_{1,i})$  and  $\operatorname{var}_{\epsilon_2|E_2}(Y_{2,i})$  according to these formulas:

(15) 
$$\operatorname{var}_{\varepsilon_{1}|E_{1}}(Y_{1,i}) = \left(100 \frac{P_{i}}{T_{i}E_{1,i}}\right)^{2} \operatorname{var}(\varepsilon_{1,i})$$

and

(16) 
$$\operatorname{var}_{\varepsilon_{2}|E_{2}}(Y_{2,i}) = \left(100 \frac{P_{i}}{T_{i}E_{2,i}}\right)^{2} \operatorname{var}(\varepsilon_{2,i}),$$

because  $P_{1,i}$  and  $T_i$  are constants (or, at least, subject to negligible sampling variability), and  $E_{1,i}$  and  $E_{2,i}$  are held fixed at their point estimates.

To calculate  $var(\mathcal{E}_{1,i})$  and  $var(\mathcal{E}_{2,i})$ , we constructed 500 bootstrap replicate weights for the SNAP QC sample. The estimates  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$  and  $\mathcal{E}_{2,i}$  are then replicated 500 times, each time using a set of bootstrap replicate weights:

(17) 
$$\varepsilon_{1,i(r)} = 100 \frac{\sum_{h} m_{i,h(r)} \varepsilon_{1,i,h}}{\sum_{h} m_{i,h(r)}}, (r = 1, 2, ..., 500)$$

and

(18) 
$$\varepsilon_{2,i(r)} = 100 \frac{\sum_{h} m_{i,h(r)} \varepsilon_{2i,h}}{\sum_{h} m_{i,h(r)}}, (r = 1, 2, ..., 500),$$

where  $m_{i,h(r)}$  is the number of people in household *h* times the *r*<sup>th</sup> replicate weight for household *h*. Then:

(19) 
$$\operatorname{var}(\varepsilon_{1,i}) = \frac{1}{499} \sum_{r=1}^{500} \left( \varepsilon_{1,i(r)} - \overline{\varepsilon}_{1,i}^* \right)^2$$
,

where

(20) 
$$\overline{\varepsilon}_{1,i}^* = \frac{1}{500} \sum_{r=1}^{500} \varepsilon_{1,i(r)}$$

and

(21) 
$$\operatorname{var}(\varepsilon_{2,i}) = \frac{1}{499} \sum_{r=1}^{500} \left( \varepsilon_{2,i(r)} - \overline{\varepsilon}_{2,i}^* \right)^2,$$

where

(22) 
$$\overline{\varepsilon}_{2,i}^* = \frac{1}{500} \sum_{r=1}^{500} \varepsilon_{2,i(r)}$$
.

Summing the estimates from Equations (9) and (15)—as indicated by Equation (7)—and taking the square root of the sum provides an estimated standard error of the participation rate for all eligible people. Similarly, summing the estimates from Equations (10) and (16)—as indicated by Equation (8)—and taking the square root of the sum provides an estimated standard error of the participation rate for people in households with earnings.

**Covariances.** We estimated the covariance between the estimates of participation rates for all eligible people and people in households with earnings for a given year according to:

(23) 
$$\operatorname{cov}(Y_{1,i}, Y_{2,i}) = \operatorname{covariance} \operatorname{due} \operatorname{to} E_{1,i} \operatorname{and} E_{2,i} \operatorname{when} \varepsilon_{1,i} \operatorname{and} \varepsilon_{2,i}$$
 are fixed  
+ covariance due to  $\varepsilon_{1,i}$  and  $\varepsilon_{2,i}$  when  $E_{1,i}$  and  $E_{2,i}$  are fixed  
 $= \operatorname{cov}_{E_1E_2|\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2}(Y_{1,i}, Y_{2,i}) + \operatorname{cov}_{\varepsilon_1\varepsilon_2|E_1E_2}(Y_{1,i}, Y_{2,i}).$ 

Note that we do not need to include additional terms because the CPS ASEC and SNAP QC samples are independent. To derive an estimate of the first term in this expression, we obtained an SDRM estimate of the covariance due to  $E_{1,i}$  and  $E_{2,i}$  according to:

(24) 
$$\operatorname{cov}_{E_{1}E_{2}|\varepsilon_{1}\varepsilon_{2}}(Y_{1,i},Y_{2,i}) = \frac{4}{160} \sum_{r=1}^{160} (Y_{1,i(r)} - Y_{1,i})(Y_{2,i(r)} - Y_{2,i}).$$

For the second term, we estimated the covariance due to  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$  and  $\mathcal{E}_{2,i}$  according to:

(25) 
$$\operatorname{cov}_{\varepsilon_{1}\varepsilon_{2}|E_{1}E_{2}}(Y_{1,i},Y_{2,i}) = \left(100\frac{P_{i}}{T_{i}E_{1,i}}\right) \left(100\frac{P_{i}}{T_{i}E_{2,i}}\right) \operatorname{cov}(\varepsilon_{1,i},\varepsilon_{2,i})$$

where

(26) 
$$\operatorname{cov}(\varepsilon_{1,i},\varepsilon_{2,i}) = \frac{1}{\left(\sum_{h} m_{i,h}\right)^2} \left(\frac{n_i}{n_i - 1}\right) \sum_{h} m_{i,h}^2 \left(\varepsilon_{1,i,h} - \varepsilon_{1,i}\right) \left(\varepsilon_{2,i,h} - \varepsilon_{2,i}\right).$$

CPS ASEC samples from different years are not independent, so participation rates for different years are correlated. (SNAP QC samples from different years are independent, so sampling variability in estimates from the CPS ASEC is the only source of intertemporal covariation between participation rates.) We derived a preliminary SDRM estimate of the correlation between  $Y_{1,i,t}$  and  $Y_{2,i,t-g}$ , the direct estimate for all eligible people for one year (year *t*) and the direct estimate for people in households with earnings for *g* years earlier, as follows:

(27) 
$$\operatorname{cov}(Y_{1,i,t}, Y_{2,i,t-g}) = \frac{4}{160} \sum_{r=1}^{160} (Y_{1,i(r),t} - Y_{1,i,t}) (Y_{2,i(r),t-g} - Y_{2,i,t-g}).$$

The correlation between  $Y_{1,i,t}$  and  $Y_{2,i,t-g}$  is

(28) 
$$\operatorname{corr}(Y_{1,i,t}, Y_{2,i,t-g}) = \frac{\operatorname{cov}(Y_{1,i,t}, Y_{2,i,t-g})}{\sqrt{\operatorname{var}(Y_{1,i,t})\operatorname{var}(Y_{2,i,t-g})}}$$

To improve the precision of estimated correlations (and covariances), we used a simple smoothing technique in which we "replaced" the State-specific correlation from Equation (28) by the average correlation between  $Y_{1,i,t}$  and  $Y_{2,i,t-g}$  across States:

(29) 
$$\overline{\operatorname{corr}}(Y_{1,t}, Y_{2,t-g}) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{51} (n_{i,t} + n_{i,t-g}) \operatorname{corr}(Y_{1,i,t}, Y_{2,i,t-g})}{\sum_{i=1}^{51} (n_{i,t} + n_{i,t-g})},$$

where  $n_{i,t}$  and  $n_{i,t-g}$  are the (unweighted) number of households in the CPS ASEC samples for one year and g years earlier, respectively. Using this average correlation, we obtained as our final estimate of the covariance between  $Y_{1,i,t}$  and  $Y_{2,i,t-g}$ :

(30) 
$$\operatorname{cov}(Y_{1,i,t}, Y_{2,i,t-g}) = \overline{\operatorname{corr}}(Y_{1,t}, Y_{2,t-g}) \sqrt{\operatorname{var}(Y_{1,i,t}) \operatorname{var}(Y_{2,i,t-g})}$$

Other intertemporal covariances—such as the covariance between the participation rates for people in households with earnings in two different years—are similarly estimated. All interstate covariances equal zero because State samples are independent in both the CPS ASEC and the SNAP QC. As described under Step 3, the variances and covariances obtained in this step are the elements of a variance-covariance matrix used to derive shrinkage estimates of participation rates.

Table A.1 presents estimates of the number of people participating in SNAP (values of  $P_i$ ); Table A.2 presents the percentage of participants who are income eligible and correctly receiving SNAP benefits (values of  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$ ); and Table A.3 shows payment error-adjusted numbers of people receiving SNAP benefits under normal program eligibility rules (values of  $P_i(\mathcal{E}_{1,i}/100)$ ). Tables A.4, A.5, and A.6 present CPS ASEC estimates of SNAP eligibility percentages (values of  $E_{1,i}$ ), the number of eligible people (values of  $Z_{1,i}$ ), and the population (values of  $N_i$ ), respectively, and Table A.7 presents the population totals (values of  $T_i$ ). Table A.8 gives direct estimates of participation rates (values of  $Y_{1,i}$ ) and their standard errors.

# 2. Using a regression model, predict State SNAP participation rates based on administrative, ACS, and other data

As noted, this report does not present estimates of State SNAP participation rates for people in households with earnings because of the smaller sample size for FY 2020. However, to maintain consistency with estimates for prior years, we used regression predictions for people in households with earnings, along with regression predictions for all eligible people, to derive shrinkage estimates for all eligible people. Our regression model consisted of four equations, with two predicting SNAP participation rates for all eligible people in fiscal years 2020 and 2022 and two predicting SNAP participation rates for people in households with earnings in fiscal years 2020 and 2022. The four equations were estimated

jointly, and the values of the regression coefficients could vary from equation to equation. The predictors used were (in addition to an intercept):

- 1. The percentage of the population that correctly received SNAP benefits according to administrative data and population estimates.
- 2. The percentage of families with income under \$20,000 in the past 12 months according to ACS oneyear estimates.
- 3. The median household income according to ACS one-year estimates.
- 4. The percentage of the civilian employed population over age 16 who are private wage and salary workers according to ACS one-year estimates.
- 5. The change in the estimated population on July 1 compared to the previous year according to Census Bureau population estimates.
- 6. The percentage of people not claimed on tax returns or claimed on tax returns with adjusted gross income under the federal poverty level according to individual income tax data and population estimates.
- 7. The percentage of individuals over age 65 that received Supplemental Security Income according to administrative records and population estimates.
- 8. An indicator of whether a State had a broad-based categorical eligibility (BBCE) policy that did not have a resource test and covered all income-eligible people.

For all the predictors, we used 2020 values for predicting FY 2020 rates and 2022 values for predicting FY 2022 rates. Because prediction errors were allowed to be correlated, and intergroup and intertemporal correlations among direct estimates were taken into account as specified in the next step, the shrinkage estimates for a group (all eligible people or people in households with earnings) in any one year were determined by the predictions and direct estimates for both years and both groups.

In addition to the predictors we selected for our model, we considered many other potential predictors, including the (1) the percentage of individuals age 25 and older who have completed a bachelor's degree and (2) the percentage of individuals over age 65 with household income under 100 percent of the federal poverty level according to ACS one-year estimates, both of which were used to produce the estimates in Cunnyngham (2023a). All of the predictors we considered had three characteristics: (1) it is plausible they are good indicators of differences between States in SNAP participation rates; (2) they could be defined and measured uniformly across States; and (3) they could be obtained from non-sample or highly precise sample data—such as the ACS or administrative records data—and thus measured with little or no sampling error. In addition, the second, fourth, and seventh predictors were included in the model that estimated rates for fiscal years 2018 to 2020 and the first, sixth, and eighth predictors are similar to predicators included the previous model. Those previous predictors were, respectively, (1) the percentage of the population receiving SNAP benefits according to administrative data and population estimates, (2) the percentage of all children not claimed on tax returns or claimed on tax returns with adjusted gross income under the federal poverty level according to individual income tax data and population estimates, and (3) an indicator of whether a State had a resource test because it either did not use BBCE or included a resource test in its BBCE policy.

The regression equations do not express causal relationships. Rather, they imply only statistical associations. For this reason, predictors are often called "symptomatic indicators." They are symptomatic of differences between States in conditions associated with having higher or lower participation rates.

As shown in the next step, where we describe the regression estimation procedure in detail, we do not have to calculate regression estimates as a separate step, although we do have to select a best regression model before we can calculate shrinkage estimates. We selected our best model on the basis of its strong relative performance in predicting participation rates. We judged performance by examining functions of the regression residuals, such as mean squared error and the predicted residual error sum of squares (PRESS). In addition to assessing the predictive fit of alternative specifications, we checked for potential biases as part of our extensive model evaluation. To check for biases, we looked for a persistent tendency of the model to under- or overpredict the number of eligible people for certain types of States categorized by, for example, population size, region, and percentage of the population that is black or Hispanic. We found no evidence of correctable bias.

Predictors considered are listed in Table A.9 and definitions, and data sources for the predictors in our chosen regression model are given in Table A.10. The values for the predictors listed above are in Tables A.11, A.12, A.13, and A.14.

# 3. Using shrinkage methods, average the direct estimates and regression predictions to obtain preliminary shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates

To average the direct estimates and the regression predictions, we used an empirical Bayes shrinkage estimator. To maintain consistency with estimates for prior years, we jointly estimated participation rates for people in households with earnings and all eligible people Because the shrinkage estimator incorporates data from other years and States, a State's shrinkage estimate in a given year does not have to fall between the direct and regression estimates for the year in question. In most cases, however, the shrinkage estimates presented in this report do fall between the direct or regression estimates. In the remaining cases, the shrinkage estimate is usually close to either the direct or regression estimate, and it is often close to both because the sample and regression estimates are close to each other.

The shrinkage estimator does not have a closed-form expression from which we can calculate shrinkage estimates. Instead, we must numerically integrate over six scalar parameters for which we do not have an exact value:  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$ . The parameters  $\eta_1$  and  $\eta_2$  capture intertemporal (between-year) correlations among regression prediction errors for all eligible people and for people in households with earnings, respectively;  $\sigma_1$  and  $\sigma_2$  capture additional within-year variance across States. Correlations between all eligible people and people in households with earnings are parameterized by  $\rho$  and  $\eta_{1,2}$ , with  $\rho$  capturing the between-year portion and  $\eta_{1,2}$  capturing the additional within-year portion. To perform the numerical integration, we specified a grid that resulted in 7,783,776 equally spaced points, starting with  $\sigma_1 = 0.001$ ,  $\sigma_2 = 0.001$ ,  $\rho = -0.981$ ,  $\eta_1 = 0.000$ ,  $\eta_2 = 0.000$ , and  $\eta_{1,2} = -0.992$  and incrementing  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$  by 0.700, 1.200, 0.099, 0.550, 1.300, and 0.181, respectively, up to  $\sigma_1 = 8.401$ ,  $\sigma_2 = 13.201$ ,  $\rho = 0.999$ ,  $\eta_1 = 9.400$ ,  $\eta_2 = 13.000$ , and  $\eta_{1,2} = 0.999$ . For

combination *k* of  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$  (*k* = 1,..., 7,783,776), we calculated a vector of shrinkage estimates:

(31) 
$$\theta_k = (\Sigma_k^{-1} + V^{-1})^{-1} (\Sigma_k^{-1} X \hat{B}_k + V^{-1} Y),$$

a variance-covariance matrix:

(32) 
$$U_{k} = (\Sigma_{k}^{-1} + V^{-1})^{-1} + (\Sigma_{k}^{-1} + V^{-1})^{-1} \Sigma_{k}^{-1} X (X' (\Sigma_{k} + V)^{-1} X)^{-1} X' \Sigma_{k}^{-1} (\Sigma_{k}^{-1} + V^{-1})^{-1},$$

and a probability:

(33) 
$$p_k^* = |\Sigma_k + V|^{-1/2} |X'(\Sigma_k + V)^{-1} X|^{-1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(Y - X\hat{B}_k)'(\Sigma_k + V)^{-1}(Y - X\hat{B}_k)\right).$$

In these expressions, *Y* is a column vector of direct estimates (from Step 1) with 204 elements— four direct estimates for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The first four elements of *Y* pertain to the first State, the next four to the second State, and so forth. For a given State, the first two elements are the FY 2020 direct estimates for all eligible people and people in households with earnings, respectively and the second two elements are the FY 2022 estimates. The vector of shrinkage estimates,  $\theta_k$ , has the same structure as the vector of direct estimates, *Y*. *V* is the  $(204 \times 204)$  variance-covariance matrix for the direct estimates. Because State samples are independent in the CPS ASEC, *V* is block-diagonal with 51(4×4) blocks. We described under Step 1 how we derived estimates for the variance and covariance elements of *V* (Equations (21) and (30), respectively). *X* is a  $(204 \times 36)$  matrix containing values for each of the eight predictors (plus an intercept) for every State, both fiscal years, and both groups. The first four rows of *X* pertain to the first State, the next four rows pertain to the second State, and so forth. The four rows for State *i* are given by

(34) 
$$X_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} x_{i,1,1}' & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} \\ \underline{0} & x_{i,1,2}' & \underline{0} & \underline{0} \\ \underline{0} & \underline{0} & x_{i,2,1}' & \underline{0} \\ \underline{0} & \underline{0} & \underline{0} & x_{i,2,2}' \end{pmatrix},$$

where  $\chi'_{i,t,1}$  is a row vector for fiscal year t (t = 1 for 2020 and t = 2 for 2022) with nine elements (an intercept plus the eight predictors listed under Step 2) to predict participation rates for all eligible people,  $\chi'_{i,t,2}$  is a row vector for year t with eight elements (an intercept plus the eight predictors) to predict participation rates for people in households with earnings, and  $\underline{0}$  is a row vector with nine zeros. In a given year, the values of the predictors are the same for the equations for all eligible people and for people in households with earnings. Thus,  $\chi'_{i,t,1} = \chi'_{i,t,2}$ .  $\hat{B}_k$  is a (36×1) vector of regression coefficients, and is

(35) 
$$\hat{B}_k = (X'(\Sigma_k + V)^{-1}X)^{-1}X'(\Sigma_k + V)^{-1}Y$$

Finally,  $\Sigma_k$  is a block-diagonal matrix with 51 (4×4) blocks, and every block equals

$$(36) \quad \Sigma_{k}^{*} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{1,k}^{2} & \sigma_{1,k} \sigma_{2,k} \rho_{k} \\ \sigma_{1,k} \sigma_{2,k} \rho_{k} & \sigma_{2,k}^{2} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} \eta_{1,k}^{2} & \eta_{1,k} \eta_{2,k} \eta_{1,2,k} \\ \eta_{1,k} \eta_{2,k} \eta_{1,2,k} & \eta_{2,k}^{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

After calculating  $\theta_k$ ,  $U_k$ , and  $p_k^*$  7,783,776 times (once for each combination of  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$ ), we calculated the probability of ( $\sigma_{1,k}$ ,  $\sigma_{2,k}$ ,  $\rho_k$ ,  $\eta_{1,k}$ ,  $\eta_{2,k}$ ,  $\eta_{1,2,k}$ ):

(37) 
$$p_k = \frac{p_k^*}{\sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k^*},$$

which is also an estimate of the probability that the shrinkage estimates  $\theta_k$  are the true values. As Equation (37) suggests, the  $p_k$  are obtained by normalizing the  $p_k^*$  to sum to one.

To complete the numerical integration over  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$  and obtain a single set of shrinkage estimates, we calculated a weighted sum of the 7,783,776 sets of shrinkage estimates, weighting each set  $\theta_k$  by its associated probability  $p_k$ . The resulting shrinkage estimates are:

(38) 
$$\theta = \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k \theta_k$$

We call these estimates preliminary because we make some fairly small adjustments to them in the next step to derive our final estimates. The variance-covariance matrix for our preliminary shrinkage estimates is

(39) 
$$U = \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k U_k + \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k (\theta_k - \theta) (\theta_k - \theta)'.$$

The first term on the right side of this expression reflects the error from sampling variability and the lack of fit of the regression model. The second term captures how the shrinkage estimates vary as  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$  vary. Thus, the second term accounts for the variability from not knowing and thus having to estimate  $\sigma_1$ ,  $\sigma_2$ ,  $\rho$ ,  $\eta_1$ ,  $\eta_2$ , and  $\eta_{1,2}$ . As described later, standard errors of the final shrinkage estimates for States are calculated as functions of the square roots of the diagonal elements of U.

Regression estimates can be obtained the same way. They are

(40) 
$$R = \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k R_k$$
,

where  $R_k = XB_k$  is the vector of regression estimates obtained when  $\sigma_1 = \sigma_{1,k}$ ;  $\sigma_2 = \sigma_{2,k}$ ;  $\rho = \rho_k$ ;  $\eta_1 = \eta_{1,k}$ ;  $\eta_2 = \eta_{2,k}$ ; and  $\eta_{1,2} = \eta_{1,2,k}$ . The variance-covariance matrix is

(41) 
$$G = \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k G_k + \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k (R_k - R)(R_k - R)',$$

where  $G_k = X(X'(\Sigma_k + V)^{-1}X)^{-1}X' + \Sigma_k$ . We can estimate the regression coefficient vector by

(42) 
$$\hat{B} = \sum_{k=1}^{7,783,776} p_k \hat{B}_k.$$

Regression estimates of participation rates and their standard errors are in Table A.15. Preliminary shrinkage estimates of SNAP participation rates are in Table A.16.

# 4. Adjust the preliminary shrinkage estimates to obtain final shrinkage estimates of State SNAP participation rates and numbers of eligible people

We adjusted the preliminary shrinkage estimates of participation rates in two ways. First, we adjusted the rates so the number of eligible people implied by the rates sums to the national number of eligible people estimated directly from the CPS ASEC. Second, we adjusted the rates so no State's estimated rate was greater than 100 percent. We made these adjustments separately for each year.

To implement the first adjustment, we calculated preliminary estimates of counts for all eligible people according to

(43) 
$$\psi_{1,i} = \frac{P_i(\varepsilon_{1,i}/100)}{(\theta_{1,i}/100)},$$

where  $\psi_{1,i}$  is the preliminary count of all eligible people for State *i*, *P*<sub>i</sub> and  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$  are the participant count and correctly eligible rate figures used in Equation (1), and  $\theta_{1,i}$  is the preliminary participation rate derived in Equation (38). Using the FY 2022 estimates for all eligible people as an example, the eligible people counts for States from Equation (43) summed to 39,330,801, and the national total estimated directly from the CPS ASEC was 38,278,702. To obtain estimated eligible people counts for States that sum (aside from rounding error) to the direct estimate of the national total, we multiplied each of the eligible people counts from Equation (43) by the ratio of 38,278,702 divided by 39,330,801, or 0.9732. Exhibit A.2 shows the direct estimates of national totals and adjustment factors for both years.

#### Exhibit A.2. Direct estimates of national totals and adjustment factors

|         | Direct estimate Adjustment fact |        |
|---------|---------------------------------|--------|
| FY 2020 | 40,806,758 0.9846               |        |
| FY 2022 | 38,278,702                      | 0.9732 |

From the final shrinkage estimates of the numbers of eligible people, we calculated final shrinkage estimates of participation rates according to

(44) 
$$\theta_{F,1,i} = 100 \frac{P_i(\varepsilon_{1,i}/100)}{\psi_{F,1,i}},$$

where  $\theta_{F,1,i}$  is the final shrinkage estimate of the participation rate for all eligible people in State *i* and  $\psi_{F,1,i}$  is the final shrinkage estimate of the number of all eligible people.  $P_i$  and  $\mathcal{E}_{1,i}$  are the participant count and correctly eligible rate figures used in Equations (1) and (38).

After calculating the final shrinkage participation rates, we found 16 instances in which a State had an implied participation rate higher than 100 percent because the estimated number of eligible people was smaller than the number of participants. Exhibit A.3 shows the estimated participation rates higher than 100 percent by State and year. To cap participation rates at 100 percent, we increased the number of eligible people in States with estimated participation rates higher than 100 percent so the number of eligible people in States with estimated participation rates higher than 100 percent so the number of eligible people in that State equaled the number of participants each year. We reduced the number of eligible people in the other States by an equivalent number and in proportion to their numbers of eligible people. These adjustments, which we carried out separately for the two years, moved small numbers among State counts of eligible people but did not change the national totals or State rankings. The adjustment raised the participation rates of the States where participation rates were not initially higher than 100 percent by between 1.4 and 2.4 percentage points.

|                      | FY 2020 | FY 2022 |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| District of Columbia |         | 122.3   |
| Illinois             | 109.3   | 123.1   |
| Massachusetts        | 104.3   | 122.9   |
| New Mexico           | 105.6   | 122.9   |
| Oregon               | 106.2   | 116.8   |
| Pennsylvania         | 108.9   | 109.3   |
| Rhode Island         | 109.1   | 101.2   |
| Washington           | 101.0   | 100.7   |
| Wisconsin            |         | 113.5   |

Exhibit A.3. Estimated participation rates higher than 100 percent

In Tables III.2 to III.4 of Chapter III, we reported approximate 90 percent confidence intervals for our final shrinkage estimates. The upper and lower bounds of the confidence intervals were calculated according to

(45) Upper Bound<sub>*i*</sub> =  $F_i$  + 1.645  $e_i$ 

and:

(46) Lower Bound<sub>i</sub> = 
$$F_i - 1.645 e_i$$
,

where  $F_i$  is the final shrinkage estimate for State *i* and  $\ell_i$  is the standard error of that estimate. For participation rates and eligible people counts, the standard errors are, respectively

(47) 
$$e_i = \frac{1}{r}\sqrt{U(4i-1,4i-1)}$$

and

(48) 
$$e_i = \frac{\psi_{F,1,i}}{\theta_{F,1,i}} r \sqrt{U(4i-1,4i-1)}$$
,

where *r* is the ratio used to adjust preliminary estimates of State counts of eligible people to the direct estimate of the national total (approximately 0.9732 for FY 2022), and U(4i-1,4i-1) is the (4i-1,4i-1) diagonal element of *U* for all eligible people for FY 2022, which we derived according to Equation (39). To derive standard error estimates for all eligible people for 2020, we used the (4i-3,4i-3) diagonal element of *U*. Our estimate of *ei* does not take into account the correlation between *r* and our preliminary shrinkage estimates for States, which were summed to obtain the denominator of *r*. Instead, *r* is treated as a constant.

Table A.17 presents final shrinkage estimates of participation rates (values of  $\theta_{F,l,i}$ ) and their standard errors. Table A.18 shows final shrinkage estimates of the numbers of eligible people (values of  $\psi_{F,l,i}$ ), and their standard errors.

|                       | FY 2020              | FY 2022    |  |
|-----------------------|----------------------|------------|--|
| Alabama               | 711,394              | 761,074    |  |
| Alaska                | 79,132 92,119        |            |  |
| Arizona               | 784,361              | 825,666    |  |
| Arkansas              | 345,889              | 286,335    |  |
| California            | 4,043,491            | 4,627,738  |  |
| Colorado              | 435,621              | 540,299    |  |
| Connecticut           | 361,916              | 375,361    |  |
| Delaware              | 118,750              | 118,842    |  |
| District of Columbia  | 109,562              | 145,805    |  |
| Florida               | 2,719,020            | 2,847,086  |  |
| Georgia               | 1,354,316            | 1,608,203  |  |
| Hawaii                | 153,968              | 169,014    |  |
| Idaho                 | 144,568              | 124,078    |  |
| Illinois              | 1,773,222            | 1,981,714  |  |
| Indiana               | 567,414              | 617,630    |  |
| owa                   | 299,948              | 278,827    |  |
| Kansas                | 194,148              | 195,799    |  |
| Kentucky              | 492,108              | 540,473    |  |
| Louisiana             | 790,217              | 816,513    |  |
| Maine                 | 154,993              | 162,159    |  |
| Maryland              | 603,502              | 772,731    |  |
| Massachusetts         | 762,501              |            |  |
|                       |                      | 1,024,442  |  |
| Michigan<br>Minnesota | 1,155,952<br>393,530 | <u> </u>   |  |
|                       |                      |            |  |
| Mississippi           | 432,256              | 413,651    |  |
| Missouri              | 666,158              | 657,870    |  |
| Montana               | 105,498              | 89,167     |  |
| Nebraska              | 154,820              | 155,550    |  |
| Nevada                | 415,558              | 455,231    |  |
| New Hampshire         | 72,302               | 69,343     |  |
| New Jersey            | 674,720              | 857,214    |  |
| New Mexico            | 446,972              | 518,633    |  |
| New York              | 2,570,220            | 2,839,326  |  |
| North Carolina        | 1,228,704            | 1,599,917  |  |
| North Dakota          | 47,727               | 47,417     |  |
| Ohio                  | 1,374,426            | 1,491,294  |  |
| Oklahoma              | 575,676              | 650,640    |  |
| Oregon                | 582,061              | 718,580    |  |
| Pennsylvania          | 1,733,275            | 1,845,636  |  |
| Rhode Island          | 146,973              | 139,362    |  |
| South Carolina        | 576,192              | 618,978    |  |
| South Dakota          | 78,229               | 71,012     |  |
| Tennessee             | 866,329              | 825,338    |  |
| Texas                 | 3,253,941            | 3,440,726  |  |
| Utah                  | 164,388              | 156,291    |  |
| Vermont               | 67,577               | 69,483     |  |
| Virginia              | 688,614              | 794,646    |  |
| Washington            | 797,467              | 874,543    |  |
| West Virginia         | 305,521              | 310,879    |  |
| Wisconsin             | 601,976              | 708,238    |  |
| Wyoming               | 25,708               | 30,178     |  |
| United States         | 37,202,811           | 41,146,259 |  |

# Table A.1. Number of people receiving SNAP benefits, monthly average

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food and Nutrition Service.

**Table A.2.** Estimated percentage of participants who are correctly receiving SNAP benefits and eligible under Federal SNAP rules

|                      | FY 2020     | FY 2022 |  |  |
|----------------------|-------------|---------|--|--|
| Alabama              | 94.08       | 94.11   |  |  |
| Alaska               | 92.71 55.32 |         |  |  |
| Arizona              | 85.38 76.93 |         |  |  |
| Arkansas             | 92.77       | 93.39   |  |  |
| California           | 88.16       | 80.47   |  |  |
| Colorado             | 88.84       | 79.07   |  |  |
| Connecticut          | 81.04       | 79.73   |  |  |
| Delaware             | 77.34       | 70.87   |  |  |
| District of Columbia | 92.87       | 85.36   |  |  |
| Florida              | 87.61       | 82.99   |  |  |
| Georgia              | 90.27       | 87.96   |  |  |
| Hawaii               | 89.76       | 77.03   |  |  |
| Idaho                | 91.84       | 91.84   |  |  |
| Illinois             | 82.59       | 77.69   |  |  |
| Indiana              | 92.76       | 90.12   |  |  |
| lowa                 | 82.43       | 78.54   |  |  |
| Kansas               | 97.55       | 93.02   |  |  |
| Kentucky             | 92.72       | 87.47   |  |  |
| Louisiana            | 98.37       | 94.19   |  |  |
| Maine                | 80.33       | 73.26   |  |  |
| Maryland             | 87.37       | 59.75   |  |  |
| Massachusetts        | 82.43       | 79.63   |  |  |
| Michigan             | 86.58       | 76.11   |  |  |
| Minnesota            | 87.16       | 79.71   |  |  |
| Mississippi          | 96.55       | 97.10   |  |  |
| Missouri             | 96.74       | 90.89   |  |  |
| Montana              | 83.41       | 83.43   |  |  |
| Nebraska             | 91.36       | 86.40   |  |  |
| Nevada               | 79.70       | 75.56   |  |  |
| New Hampshire        | 86.52       | 80.86   |  |  |
| New Jersey           | 88.56       | 82.25   |  |  |
| New Mexico           | 90.22       | 84.70   |  |  |
| New York             | 86.56       | 82.23   |  |  |
| North Carolina       | 87.14       | 75.37   |  |  |
| North Dakota         | 78.90       | 78.89   |  |  |
| Ohio                 | 89.27       | 86.53   |  |  |
| Oklahoma             | 92.90       | 90.38   |  |  |
| Oregon               | 86.38       | 67.23   |  |  |
| Pennsylvania         | 87.71       | 75.16   |  |  |
| Rhode Island         | 80.92       | 80.30   |  |  |
| South Carolina       | 93.44       | 89.74   |  |  |
| South Dakota         | 97.17       | 95.00   |  |  |
| Tennessee            | 94.53       | 88.92   |  |  |
| Texas                | 88.08       | 82.49   |  |  |
| Utah                 | 96.63       | 96.00   |  |  |
| Vermont              | 80.92       | 77.91   |  |  |
| Virginia             | 95.92       | 84.19   |  |  |
| Washington           | 82.40       | 71.49   |  |  |
| West Virginia        | 86.95       | 80.12   |  |  |
| Wisconsin            | 84.14       | 74.49   |  |  |
| Wyoming              | 96.12       | 97.82   |  |  |
| wyoming              | 90.12       | 51.02   |  |  |

Source: SNAP Quality Control database.

**Table A.3.** Estimated number of participants who are correctly receiving SNAP benefits and income eligible under Federal SNAP rules, monthly average

| -                         | . , 5   |           |  |
|---------------------------|---|-----------|--|
|                           | FY 2020   | FY 2022   |  |
| Alabama                   | 669,251   | 716,224   |  |
| Alaska                    | 73,363  | 50,958    |  |
| Arizona                   | 669,711   | 635,160   |  |
| Arkansas                  | 320,881   | 267,408   |  |
| California                | 3,564,580   | 3,724,080 |  |
| Colorado                  | 386,997   | 427,225   |  |
| Connecticut               | 293,286   | 299,294   |  |
| Delaware                  | 91,841  | 84,219    |  |
| District of Columbia      | 101,750   | 124,462   |  |
| Florida                   | 2,382,215   | 2,362,825 |  |
| Georgia                   | 1,222,514   | 1,414,511 |  |
| Hawaii                    | 138,203   | 130,188   |  |
| Idaho                     | 132,770   | 113,952   |  |
| Illinois                  | 1,464,451   | 1,539,693 |  |
| Indiana                   | 526,328   | 556,602   |  |
| lowa                      | 247,247   | 218,988   |  |
| Kansas                    | 189,399   | 182,124   |  |
| Kentucky                  | 456,292   | 472,730   |  |
| Louisiana                 | 777,313   | 769,082   |  |
| Maine                     | 124,507   | 118,799   |  |
|                           | 527,256   | 461,699   |  |
| Maryland<br>Massaghusatta |   |           |  |
| Massachusetts             | 628,514   | 815,773   |  |
| Michigan                  | 1,000,869   | 1,026,970 |  |
| Minnesota                 | 342,981   | 347,460   |  |
| Mississippi               | 417,360   | 401,663   |  |
| Missouri                  | 644,408   | 597,945   |  |
| Montana                   | 87,994  | 74,391    |  |
| Nebraska                  | 141,445   | 134,403   |  |
| Nevada                    | 331,187   | 343,991   |  |
| New Hampshire             | 62,559  | 56,073    |  |
| New Jersey                | 597,559   | 705,050   |  |
| New Mexico                | 403,267   | 439,272   |  |
| New York                  | 2,224,885   | 2,334,664 |  |
| North Carolina            | 1,070,742   | 1,205,777 |  |
| North Dakota              | 37,656  | 37,409    |  |
| Ohio                      | 1,226,991   | 1,290,447 |  |
| Oklahoma                  | 534,803   | 588,068   |  |
| Oregon                    | 502,802   | 483,101   |  |
| Pennsylvania              | 1,520,221   | 1,387,198 |  |
| Rhode Island              | 118,935   | 111,905   |  |
| South Carolina            | 538,423   | 555,496   |  |
| South Dakota              | 76,018  | 67,462    |  |
| Tennessee                 | 818,932   | 733,866   |  |
| Texas                     | 2,866,136   | 2,838,117 |  |
| Utah                      | 158,856   | 150,032   |  |
| Vermont                   | 54,681  | 54,137    |  |
| Virginia                  | 660,491   | 669,020   |  |
| Washington                | 657,121   | 625,211   |  |
| West Virginia             | 265,657   | 249,076   |  |
| Wisconsin                 | 506,491   | 527,559   |  |
| Wyoming                   | 24,712  | 29,521    |  |
| United States             | <u>24,712</u> <u>29,521</u><br>32,882,852 <u>33,551,281</u> |           |  |

Source: SNAP Quality Control database.

|                           | FY 2020     | FY 2022 |  |
|---------------------------|-------------|---------|--|
| Alabama                   | 15.80       | 15.31   |  |
| Alaska                    | 13.00 10.26 |         |  |
| Arizona                   | 11.47 12.06 |         |  |
| Arkansas                  | 15.86       | 15.73   |  |
| California                | 13.68       | 12.65   |  |
| Colorado                  | 9.14        | 6.98    |  |
| Connecticut               | 8.32        | 8.67    |  |
| Delaware                  | 10.26       | 9.53    |  |
| District of Columbia      | 15.35       | 16.21   |  |
| Florida                   | 14.75       | 13.57   |  |
| Georgia                   | 15.83       | 13.73   |  |
| Hawaii                    | 11.55       | 11.66   |  |
| Idaho                     | 8.14        | 8.87    |  |
| Illinois                  | 10.05       | 9.37    |  |
| Indiana                   | 10.74       | 9.67    |  |
| lowa                      | 9.39        | 6.59    |  |
| Kansas                    | 8.74        | 8.82    |  |
| Kentucky                  | 15.38       | 15.89   |  |
| Louisiana                 | 19.66       | 17.35   |  |
|                           |             |         |  |
| Maine<br>Mandanal         | 10.66       | 9.77    |  |
| Maryland<br>Massachusetts | 9.73        | 7.83    |  |
|                           | 9.11        | 9.50    |  |
| Michigan                  | 12.00       | 10.82   |  |
| Minnesota                 | 7.97        | 7.02    |  |
| Mississippi               | 22.60       | 19.51   |  |
| Missouri                  | 10.43       | 10.98   |  |
| Montana                   | 10.07       | 9.11    |  |
| Nebraska                  | 8.99        | 6.14    |  |
| Nevada                    | 11.71       | 11.48   |  |
| New Hampshire             | 6.02        | 6.60    |  |
| New Jersey                | 8.31        | 8.66    |  |
| New Mexico                | 19.18       | 19.44   |  |
| New York                  | 14.19       | 13.42   |  |
| North Carolina            | 15.26       | 13.24   |  |
| North Dakota              | 7.40        | 6.46    |  |
| Ohio                      | 13.82       | 10.83   |  |
| Oklahoma                  | 14.72       | 15.79   |  |
| Oregon                    | 8.60        | 8.81    |  |
| Pennsylvania              | 10.68       | 10.48   |  |
| Rhode Island              | 10.53       | 8.34    |  |
| South Carolina            | 14.79       | 14.13   |  |
| South Dakota              | 11.23       | 8.47    |  |
| Tennessee                 | 14.24       | 11.62   |  |
| Texas                     | 13.99       | 13.53   |  |
| Utah                      | 6.43        | 6.38    |  |
| Vermont                   | 9.46        | 8.43    |  |
| Virginia                  | 9.45        | 8.83    |  |
| Washington                | 6.96        | 7.52    |  |
| West Virginia             | 15.83       | 16.37   |  |
| Wisconsin                 | 8.17        | 7.60    |  |
| Wyoming                   | 9.41        | 8.34    |  |

# Table A.4. Estimated percentage of people eligible for SNAP

Source: Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

|                          | FY 2020 FY 2022      |                      |  |
|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Alabama                  | 791,012              | 763,294              |  |
| Alaska                   | 92,233 72,894        |                      |  |
| Arizona                  | 824,495              | 876,252              |  |
| Arkansas                 | 470,195              | 472,565              |  |
| California               | 5,377,566            | 4,906,317            |  |
| Colorado                 | 522,890              | 400,469              |  |
| Connecticut              | 294,836              | 311,832              |  |
| Delaware                 | 101,615              | 97,891               |  |
| District of Columbia     | 104,655              | 106,053              |  |
| Florida                  | 3,170,283            | 3,000,106            |  |
| Georgia                  | 1,667,838            | 1,492,913            |  |
| Hawaii                   | 164,760              | 166,450              |  |
| Idaho                    | 151,015              | 172,077              |  |
| Illinois                 | 1,272,395            | 1,161,063            |  |
| Indiana                  | 721,355              | 657,822              |  |
| lowa                     | 297,621              | 209,710              |  |
| Kansas                   | 252,061              | 253,006              |  |
|                          |                      |                      |  |
| Kentucky                 | 686,012              | 709,114              |  |
| Louisiana                | 897,338              | 784,737              |  |
| Maine                    | 145,575              | 134,527              |  |
| Maryland                 | 594,806              | 485,087              |  |
| Massachusetts            | 635,503              | 652,510              |  |
| Michigan                 | 1,191,299            | 1,076,468            |  |
| Minnesota                | 449,197              | 393,923              |  |
| Mississippi              | 663,151              | 564,518              |  |
| Missouri                 | 633,273              | 665,000              |  |
| Montana                  | 108,506              | 102,023              |  |
| Nebraska                 | 174,845              | 119,857              |  |
| Nevada                   | 365,342              | 362,133              |  |
| New Hampshire            | 83,287               | 91,755               |  |
| New Jersey               | 758,131              | 795,346              |  |
| New Mexico               | 397,275              | 410,788              |  |
| New York                 | 2,793,238            | 2,613,122            |  |
| North Carolina           | 1,588,911            | 1,419,063            |  |
| North Dakota             | 56,600               | 49,363               |  |
| Ohio                     | 1,617,214            | 1,264,309            |  |
| Oklahoma                 | 573,721              | 623,579              |  |
| Oregon                   | 354,852              | 372,991              |  |
| Pennsylvania             | 1,357,670            | 1,332,985            |  |
| Rhode Island             | 114,769              | 89,741               |  |
| South Carolina           | 755,804              | 742,739              |  |
| South Dakota             | 98,158               | 75,132               |  |
| Tennessee                | 983,966              | 814,136              |  |
| Texas                    | 4,040,250            | 4,038,112            |  |
| Utah                     | 210,686              | 212,890              |  |
| Vermont                  | 60,495               | 53,982               |  |
| Virginia                 | 802,523              | 750,400              |  |
| Washington               | 528,244              | 579,221              |  |
| West Virginia            | 279,051              | 287,603              |  |
| Wisconsin                | 477,293              | 443,754              |  |
|                          |                      |                      |  |
| Wyoming<br>United States | 52,949<br>40,806,758 | 47,079<br>38,278,701 |  |

# Table A.5. Directly estimated number of people eligible for SNAP

Source: Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

|                      | FY 2020     | FY 2022     |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Alabama              | 5,005,605   | 4,986,401   |
| Alaska               | 709,572     | 710,359     |
| Arizona              | 7,186,339   | 7,265,012   |
| Arkansas             | 2,963,818   | 3,003,471   |
| California           | 39,297,441  | 38,784,649  |
| Colorado             | 5,723,019   | 5,740,021   |
| Connecticut          | 3,542,384   | 3,596,505   |
| Delaware             | 990,180     | 1,027,508   |
| District of Columbia | 681,677     | 654,292     |
| Florida              | 21,494,817  | 22,103,684  |
| Georgia              | 10,537,594  | 10,871,358  |
| Hawaii               | 1,426,986   | 1,427,212   |
| daho                 | 1,854,421   | 1,940,875   |
| llinois              | 12,663,403  | 12,394,025  |
| Indiana              | 6,716,538   | 6,802,163   |
| OWa                  | 3,169,308   | 3,182,938   |
| Kansas               | 2,883,649   | 2,869,816   |
| Kentucky             | 4,459,701   | 4,463,735   |
|                      | 4,564,378   | 4,405,755   |
| Maine                | 1,365,275   |             |
|                      |             | 1,376,966   |
| Maryland             | 6,112,692   | 6,195,206   |
| Massachusetts        | 6,977,036   | <u> </u>    |
| Michigan             | 9,926,942   |             |
| Minnesota            | 5,635,129   | 5,613,944   |
| Mississippi          | 2,934,736   | 2,893,961   |
| Missouri             | 6,069,909   | 6,057,582   |
| Montana              | 1,077,584   | 1,119,326   |
| Nebraska             | 1,944,669   | 1,951,882   |
| Nevada               | 3,118,913   | 3,154,341   |
| New Hampshire        | 1,382,600   | 1,389,689   |
| New Jersey           | 9,126,074   | 9,184,742   |
| New Mexico           | 2,071,450   | 2,113,134   |
| New York             | 19,678,542  | 19,476,356  |
| North Carolina       | 10,412,514  | 10,717,361  |
| North Dakota         | 765,109     | 763,919     |
| Ohio                 | 11,702,685  | 11,673,534  |
| Oklahoma             | 3,897,703   | 3,950,292   |
| Dregon               | 4,124,540   | 4,234,450   |
| Pennsylvania         | 12,710,781  | 12,719,149  |
| Rhode Island         | 1,090,402   | 1,076,139   |
| South Carolina       | 5,110,883   | 5,258,065   |
| South Dakota         | 874,141     | 886,526     |
| Tennessee            | 6,909,034   | 7,006,488   |
| Texas                | 28,889,764  | 29,836,876  |
| Jtah                 | 3,274,345   | 3,339,258   |
| /ermont              | 639,566     | 640,067     |
| Virginia             | 8,489,790   | 8,501,699   |
| Washington           | 7,593,855   | 7,706,123   |
| West Virginia        | 1,762,467   | 1,756,376   |
| Wisconsin            | 5,842,360   | 5,837,550   |
| Wyoming              | 562,567     | 564,229     |
| United States        | 327,944,886 | 330,154,240 |

| Table A.6. | CPS ASEC | population | estimate |
|------------|----------|------------|----------|
|------------|----------|------------|----------|

Source: Current Population Survey Annual Social and Economic Supplement.

| Table A.7 | . State | population | on July 1 |
|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|
|-----------|---------|------------|-----------|

|                      | EV 2020                     | EV 2022                     |  |  |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Alabama              | <b>FY 2020</b><br>4,921,532 | <b>FY 2022</b><br>5,073,903 |  |  |
| Alabama              |                             | 733,276                     |  |  |
| Alaska               |                             |                             |  |  |
| Arizona              | 7,421,401 7,365,684         |                             |  |  |
| Arkansas             | 3,030,522                   | 3,046,404                   |  |  |
| California           | 39,368,078                  | 39,040,616                  |  |  |
| Colorado             | 5,807,719                   | 5,841,039                   |  |  |
| Connecticut          | 3,557,006                   | 3,608,706                   |  |  |
| Delaware             | 986,809                     | 1,019,459                   |  |  |
| District of Columbia | 712,816                     | 670,949                     |  |  |
| Florida              | 21,733,312                  | 22,245,521                  |  |  |
| Georgia              | 10,710,017                  | 10,913,150                  |  |  |
| Hawaii               | 1,407,006                   | 1,439,399                   |  |  |
| Idaho                | 1,826,913                   | 1,938,996                   |  |  |
| Illinois             | 12,587,530                  | 12,582,515                  |  |  |
| Indiana              | 6,754,953                   | 6,832,274                   |  |  |
| lowa                 | 3,163,561                   | 3,199,693                   |  |  |
| Kansas               | 2,913,805                   | 2,936,716                   |  |  |
| Kentucky             | 4,477,251                   | 4,511,563                   |  |  |
| Louisiana            | 4,645,318                   | 4,588,023                   |  |  |
| Maine                | 1,350,141                   | 1,389,338                   |  |  |
| Maryland             | 6,055,802                   | 6,163,981                   |  |  |
| Massachusetts        | 6,893,574                   | 6,982,740                   |  |  |
| Michigan             | 9,966,555                   | 10,033,281                  |  |  |
| Minnesota            | 5,657,342                   | 5,714,300                   |  |  |
| Mississippi          | 2,966,786                   | 2,938,928                   |  |  |
| Missouri             | 6,151,548                   | 6,177,168                   |  |  |
| Montana              | 1,080,577                   | 1,122,878                   |  |  |
| Nebraska             | 1,937,552                   | 1,968,060                   |  |  |
| Nevada               | 3,138,259                   | 3,177,421                   |  |  |
| New Hampshire        | 1,366,275                   | 1,399,003                   |  |  |
| New Jersey           | 8,882,371                   | 9,260,817                   |  |  |
| New Mexico           | 2,106,319                   | 2,113,476                   |  |  |
| New York             | 19,336,776                  | 19,673,200                  |  |  |
| North Carolina       | 10,600,823                  | 10,695,965                  |  |  |
| North Dakota         | 765,309                     | 778,912                     |  |  |
| Ohio                 | 11,693,217                  | 11,759,697                  |  |  |
| Oklahoma             | 3,980,783                   | 4,019,271                   |  |  |
| Oregon               | 4,241,507                   | 4,239,379                   |  |  |
| Pennsylvania         | 12,783,254                  | 12,972,091                  |  |  |
| Rhode Island         | 1,057,125                   | 1,093,842                   |  |  |
| South Carolina       | 5,218,040                   | 5,282,955                   |  |  |
| South Dakota         | 892,717                     | 909,869                     |  |  |
| Tennessee            | 6,886,834                   | 7,048,976                   |  |  |
| Texas                | 29,360,759                  | 30,029,848                  |  |  |
| Utah                 | 3,249,879                   | 3,381,236                   |  |  |
| Vermont              | 623,347                     | 647,110                     |  |  |
| Virginia             | <u> </u>                    |                             |  |  |
| Washington           | 7,693,612                   | 7,784,477                   |  |  |
| West Virginia        | 1,784,787                   | 1,774,035                   |  |  |
| Wisconsin            |                             |                             |  |  |
| ******               | 5,832,655 5,890,543         |                             |  |  |
| Wyoming              | 582,328                     | 581,629                     |  |  |

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

|                      | Direct e | Direct estimates |         | Standard errors |  |  |
|----------------------|----------|------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--|
|                      | FY 2020  | FY 2022          | FY 2020 | FY 2022         |  |  |
| Alabama              | 86.05    | 92.22            | 7.178   | 6.659           |  |  |
| Alaska               | 77.19    | 67.72            | 5.632   | 6.335           |  |  |
| Arizona              | 78.65    | 71.50            | 6.600   | 4.507           |  |  |
| Arkansas             | 66.74    | 55.79            | 4.428   | 3.232           |  |  |
| California           | 66.17    | 75.41            | 1.715   | 2.423           |  |  |
| Colorado             | 72.93    | 104.84           | 8.723   | 12.002          |  |  |
| Connecticut          | 99.07    | 95.65            | 8.997   | 9.023           |  |  |
| Delaware             | 90.69    | 86.71            | 7.232   | 7.852           |  |  |
| District of Columbia | 92.98    | 114.45           | 5.395   | 8.164           |  |  |
| Florida              | 74.32    | 78.26            | 2.859   | 3.409           |  |  |
| Georgia              | 72.12    | 94.39            | 4.780   | 5.474           |  |  |
| Hawaii               | 85.07    | 77.55            | 6.821   | 6.322           |  |  |
| daho                 | 89.24    | 66.29            | 5.460   | 4.153           |  |  |
| llinois              | 115.79   | 130.62           | 6.652   | 8.002           |  |  |
| Indiana              | 72.55    | 84.24            | 4.043   | 6.185           |  |  |
| lowa                 | 83.23    | 103.88           | 7.839   | 9.432           |  |  |
| Kansas               | 74.36    | 70.34            | 7.800   | 7.487           |  |  |
| Kentucky             | 66.25    | 65.96            | 5.166   | 5.860           |  |  |
| Louisiana            | 85.12    | 96.60            | 3.880   | 5.459           |  |  |
| Maine                | 86.49    | 87.52            | 9.005   | 9.843           |  |  |
| Maryland             | 89.48    | 95.66            | 7.838   | 10.516          |  |  |
| Massachusetts        | 100.10   | 122.95           | 7.234   | 8.307           |  |  |
| Michigan             | 83.68    | 94.57            | 4.428   | 5.884           |  |  |
| Minnesota            | 76.06    | 86.66            | 6.527   | 8.152           |  |  |
| Mississippi          | 62.26    | 70.06            | 3.626   | 3.853           |  |  |
| Vissouri             | 100.41   | 88.18            | 9.313   | 8.332           |  |  |
| Montana              | 80.87    | 72.69            | 5.759   | 6.065           |  |  |
| Nebraska             | 81.19    | 111.21           | 6.333   | 14.302          |  |  |
| Nevada               | 90.09    | 94.30            | 5.681   | 8.489           |  |  |
| New Hampshire        | 76.01    | 60.71            | 7.851   | 6.676           |  |  |
| New Jersey           | 80.98    | 87.92            | 5.601   | 7.011           |  |  |
| New Mexico           | 99.83    | 106.92           | 6.464   | 11.696          |  |  |
| New York             | 81.06    | 88.45            | 2.922   | 3.894           |  |  |
| North Carolina       | 66.19    | 85.14            | 3.604   | 5.036           |  |  |
| North Dakota         | 66.51    | 74.32            | 5.344   | 7.219           |  |  |
| Ohio                 | 75.93    | 101.32           | 4.471   | 7.144           |  |  |
| Oklahoma             | 91.27    | 92.69            | 6.150   | 7.144           |  |  |
| Oregon               | 137.79   | 129.37           | 13.643  | 17.094          |  |  |
| Pennsylvania         | 111.34   | 102.04           | 7.075   | 7.643           |  |  |
| Rhode Island         | 106.89   | 122.68           | 11.146  | 16.007          |  |  |
| South Carolina       | 69.78    | 74.44            | 3.911   | 5.511           |  |  |
| South Dakota         | 75.83    | 87.49            | 13.446  | 9.530           |  |  |
|                      | 83.50    | 89.60            | 6.025   |                 |  |  |
| Tennessee            | 69.80    | 69.83            | 2.430   | 7.226           |  |  |
| lexas                |          |                  |         |                 |  |  |
| Jtah<br>/ormont      | 75.97    | 69.60            | 7.451   | 6.132           |  |  |
| Vermont              | 92.74    | 99.20            | 8.677   | 8.678           |  |  |
| Virginia             | 81.34    | 87.33            | 7.302   | 6.239           |  |  |
| Washington           | 122.78   | 106.85           | 12.925  | 7.574           |  |  |
| West Virginia        | 94.01    | 85.74            | 7.335   | 4.746           |  |  |
| Wisconsin            | 106.29   | 117.82           | 9.673   | 11.091          |  |  |

# **Table A.8.** Direct estimates of SNAP participation rates and standard errors

# Table A.9. Potential predictors

| Predictor  | Data source(s)   |
|--|--|
| Number of people receiving SNAP benefits   | Administrative data                                    |
| Estimated population on July 1; Change in July 1 estimated population  | Census Bureau  |
| <ul> <li>Percentages of population that (1) received SNAP benefits, (2) correctly received regular SNAP benefits, and (3) correctly received SNAP benefits under federal eligibility rules</li> <li>Percentage of children ages 5 to 17 approved to receive (1) free and (2) reduced price lunches under the National School Lunch Program</li> </ul>  | Administrative data,<br>population estimates           |
| Percentage of people ages 65 and older who received Supplemental Security Income   |  |
| Per capita personal income   | Commerce Bureau,<br>population estimates               |
| <ul> <li>Mean adjusted gross income; median adjusted gross income</li> <li>Percentages of exemptions for (1) all people, (2) people age 65 and older, and (3) children claimed on tax returns with adjusted gross income below the federal poverty level (FPL)</li> </ul>  | Individual income<br>tax data                          |
| <ul> <li>Percentages of (1) all people, (2) people age 65 and older, and (3) people younger than age 65 not claimed on tax returns</li> <li>Percentages of (1) all people, (2) people age 65 and older, and (3) people younger than age 65 not claimed on tax returns or claimed on returns with adjusted gross income below the FPL</li> </ul>  | Individual income<br>tax data, population<br>estimates |
| <ul> <li>Percentages of population that were (1) foreign-born and (2) noncitizens</li> <li>Percentages of households that were (1) married-couple families and (2) nonfamily households</li> <li>Percentages of (1) households and (2) families that had a female householder with no spouse present</li> <li>Percentage of people age 15 and older with their own children younger than age 18</li> <li>Percentages of people age 25 and older who had (1) completed high school or equivalent and (2) completed a bachelor's degree</li> <li>Employment/population ratio and labor force participation rate for the civilian population age 16 and older</li> <li>Employment rate for the civilian population ages 16 to 64 in the labor force</li> <li>Disability rate for the civilian population ages 16 to 64 not in the labor force</li> <li>Percentages of occupied housing units that were owner occupied</li> <li>Median earnings, people age 16 and older with earnings</li> <li>Percentages of occupied housing units that were owner occupied</li> <li>Median household income; median family income</li> <li>Percentages of population with household income below (1) 50 percent, (2) 100 percent, and (3) 200 percent of the FPL</li> <li>Percentages of (1) children, (2) adults ages 18 to 64, and (3) adults age 65 and older with household income below 100 percent of the FPL</li> </ul> | American<br>Community Survey<br>one-year estimates     |
| <ul> <li>Percentages of (1) households and (2) families with income below \$20,000</li> <li>Indicators of whether a State had a BBCE policy that did not include a resource test and covered (1) all income-eligible people or (2) most income-eligible people or (3) did not have a BBCE policy or had a BBCE policy that included a resource test</li> <li>Indicators of whether a State's resource test (1) exempted all vehicles, (2) exempted some</li> </ul>   | SNAP policy data                                       |

| Table A.10. Pr | edictors in | current model |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|
|----------------|-------------|---------------|

| Predictor   | Numerator   | Denominator  |
|---|---|--|
| Percentage of population that<br>correctly received regular SNAP<br>benefits  | People correctly receiving regular<br>SNAP benefits according to SNAP<br>Program Operations data                      | Resident population <sup>a</sup>   |
| Percentage of people age 65 and<br>older that received Supplemental<br>Security Income  | People age 65 and older receiving<br>Supplemental Security Income   | Resident population age 65 and older <sup>a</sup>  |
| Percentage of families that had<br>income under \$20,000 in the past 12<br>months   | Families with income under \$20,000<br>in the past 12 months according to<br>ACS one-year estimates <sup>b</sup>      | Total families according to ACS one-<br>year estimates <sup>b</sup>                        |
| Change in July 1 estimated population   | Resident population minus previous year's resident population <sup>a</sup>  | Previous year's resident population  |
| Percentage of civilian employed<br>population age 16 and older that<br>were private wage and salary workers                                       | Civilians age16 and older employed<br>in the private sector according to ACS<br>one-year estimates <sup>b</sup>       | Total employed civilians age 16 and older according to ACS one-year estimates <sup>b</sup> |
| Percentage of people not claimed on<br>tax returns or claimed on tax returns<br>that had adjusted gross income<br>below the federal poverty level | Children claimed on federal tax<br>returns with adjusted gross income<br>under the federal poverty level <sup>c</sup> | Total children claimed on federal tax<br>returns <sup>c</sup>                              |
| Median household income   | Median household income according to ACS one-year estimates <sup>b</sup>  | 10,000   |
| Indicator   | Indicator = 1   | Indicator = 0  |
| Indicator of whether a State had a<br>BBCE policy that did not include a<br>resource test and covered all income-<br>eligible households          | State did not apply a resource test for income-eligible households  | State applied a resource test for some or all households                                   |

<sup>a</sup>Estimates of the resident population are from the annual July 1 population estimates released in June 2021, available at <u>https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/popest.html.</u>

<sup>b</sup>ACS one-year estimates available at <u>https://data.census.gov/.</u>

<sup>c</sup>Counts of people claimed on tax returns are from individual income tax data provided by the Census Bureau Small Area Estimates Branch.

ACS = American Community Survey.

|                             | Percentage of population that correctly received regular SNAP benefits |         | ectly Percentage of people age 65 and received Supplemental Security |         |
|-----------------------------|--|---------|--|---------|
|                             | FY 2020  | FY 2022 | FY 2020  | FY 2022 |
| Alabama                     | 14.082   | 14.725  | 0.858  | 0.810   |
| Alaska                      | 10.034   | 6.949   | 1.824  | 1.598   |
| Arizona                     | 10.015   | 10.652  | 1.272  | 1.280   |
| Arkansas                    | 10.588   | 8.778   | 0.846  | 0.820   |
| California                  | 10.122   | 11.344  | 5.756  | 5.535   |
| Colorado                    | 7.276  | 9.061   | 1.226  | 1.209   |
| Connecticut                 | 9.612  | 10.007  | 1.112  | 1.134   |
| Delaware                    | 11.407   | 10.802  | 0.645  | 0.654   |
| District of Columbia        | 15.151   | 21.878  | 2.374  | 2.728   |
| Florida                     | 12.366   | 12.458  | 3.101  | 3.087   |
| Georgia                     | 11.887   | 14.502  | 1.639  | 1.638   |
| Hawaii                      | 10.620   | 9.814   | 1.910  | 1.786   |
| Idaho                       | 7.891  | 6.341   | 0.550  | 0.512   |
| Illinois                    | 13.582   | 14.974  | 1.427  | 1.389   |
| Indiana                     | 8.156  | 8.736   | 0.522  | 0.546   |
| lowa                        | 9.119  | 8.574   | 0.548  | 0.513   |
| Kansas                      | 6.500  | 6.216   | 0.587  | 0.572   |
| Kentucky                    | 10.767   | 11.714  | 1.137  | 1.069   |
| Louisiana                   | 16.733   | 17.326  | 1.365  | 1.314   |
| Maine                       | 10.788   | 10.694  | 0.592  | 0.561   |
| Maryland                    | 9.966  | 9.526   | 1.519  | 1.496   |
| Massachusetts               | 10.639   | 13.924  | 2.029  | 1.981   |
| Michigan                    | 11.218   | 12.858  | 1.058  | 1.051   |
| Minnesota                   | 6.791  | 7.503   | 1.173  | 1.122   |
| Mississippi                 | 14.080   | 13.681  | 1.443  | 1.369   |
| Missouri                    | 10.476   | 9.777   | 0.626  | 0.625   |
| Montana                     | 9.550  | 7.792   | 0.667  | 0.669   |
| Nebraska                    | 7.783  | 7.593   | 0.748  | 0.737   |
| Nevada                      | 12.620   | 13.848  | 2.820  | 2.818   |
| New Hampshire               | 5.142  | 4.657   | 0.312  | 0.304   |
| New Jersey                  | 7.596  | 9.125   | 2.326  | 2.149   |
| New Mexico                  | 20.683   | 23.304  | 1.995  | 1.800   |
| New York                    | 12.926   | 13.586  | 3.283  | 3.130   |
| North Carolina              | 11.285   | 14.233  | 0.912  | 0.918   |
| North Dakota                | 6.043  | 5.799   | 0.493  | 0.470   |
| Ohio                        | 11.455   | 12.082  | 0.802  | 0.819   |
| Oklahoma                    | 13.990   | 15.371  | 0.919  | 0.897   |
| Oregon                      | 13.651   | 14.740  | 1.218  | 1.162   |
| Pennsylvania                | 13.534   | 13.146  | 0.996  | 1.014   |
| Rhode Island                | 12.981   | 11.936  | 1.681  | 1.579   |
| South Carolina              | 10.926   | 11.397  | 0.760  | 0.790   |
| South Dakota                | 8.659  | 7.623   | 0.977  | 0.935   |
| Tennessee                   | 11.891   | 10.411  | 0.885  | 0.866   |
| Texas                       | 11.032   | 11.227  | 2.577  | 2.414   |
| Utah                        | 4.931  | 4.476   | 0.719  | 0.690   |
| Vermont                     | 10.615   | 10.469  | 0.693  | 0.630   |
| Virginia                    | 7.689  | 8.954   | 1.224  | 1.203   |
|                             | 10.222   | 10.783  | 1.407  | 1.354   |
| Washington<br>West Virginia | 16.599   | 16.619  | 0.591  | 0.613   |
| Wisconsin                   | 10.036   | 11.787  | 0.626  | 0.613   |
| Wyoming                     | 4.244  | 5.076   | 0.335  | 0.344   |

Table A.11. Values for first and second predictors

|                           | Percentage of families that had income<br>under \$20,000 in the past 12 months |            | Change in July 1 estimated popul |         |
|---------------------------|--|------------|----------------------------------|---------|
|                           | FY 2020  | FY 2022    | FY 2020                          | FY 2022 |
| Alabama                   | 9.0  | 9.9        | 0.276                            | 0.466   |
| Alaska                    | 5.4  | 5.5        | -0.333                           | -0.224  |
| Arizona                   | 7.7  | 7.0        | 1.777                            | 1.282   |
| Arkansas                  | 10.3   | 9.7        | 0.316                            | 0.593   |
| California                | 6.6  | 6.6        | -0.176                           | -0.267  |
| Colorado                  | 5.0  | 4.7        | 0.855                            | 0.507   |
| Connecticut               | 6.0  | 5.4        | -0.253                           | 0.139   |
| Delaware                  | 5.9  | 5.4        | 1.038                            | 1.451   |
| District of Columbia      | 6.7  | 7.7        | 0.644                            | 0.286   |
| Florida                   | 7.5  | 7.3        | 1.123                            | 1.900   |
| Georgia                   | 8.2  | 7.6        | 0.772                            | 1.138   |
| lawaii                    | 5.4  | 5.2        | -0.608                           | -0.508  |
| daho                      | 6.1  | 5.4        | 2.116                            | 1.809   |
| llinois                   | 6.8  | 6.7        | -0.628                           | -0.850  |
| ndiana                    | 7.5  | 7.3        | 0.356                            | 0.271   |
| owa                       | 6.2  | 5.7        | 0.125                            | 0.055   |
| Kansas                    | 6.7  | 5.8        | 0.040                            | -0.042  |
| Kentucky                  | 10.0   | 9.7        | 0.040                            | 0.088   |
| ouisiana                  | 11.8   | 11.3       | -0.278                           | -0.843  |
| Jaine                     | 6.6  | 5.3        | 0.325                            | 0.765   |
| Maryland                  | 4.8  | 5.3        | 0.014                            | -0.179  |
| Maryianu<br>Massachusetts | 5.8  | 5.8        | -0.019                           | -0.132  |
| vichigan                  | 7.6  | 7.4        | -0.183                           | -0.048  |
| Minnesota                 | 4.5  | 4.7        | 0.307                            | -0.064  |
|                           | 14.2   | 11.5       | -0.384                           | -0.361  |
| Mississippi<br>Missouri   | 7.4  | 7.1        | 0.180                            | 0.110   |
|                           | 6.5  | 5.9        | 0.180                            | 1.492   |
| vlontana<br>Nebraska      | 5.2  | 5.9        | 0.258                            | 0.194   |
| Nevada                    | 7.0  | 7.4        | 1.536                            | 0.194   |
|                           | 4.0  | 3.6        | 0.404                            |         |
| New Hampshire             | 6.2  | 5.4        |                                  | 0.829   |
| New Jersey                | 11.1   | <u>5.4</u> | -0.100<br>0.318                  | -0.090  |
| New Mexico                |  |            |                                  |         |
| New York                  | 8.4  | 8.5        | -0.649                           | -0.913  |
| North Carolina            | 8.0  | 7.6        | 0.947                            | 1.219   |
| North Dakota              | 6.1  | 5.1        | 0.208                            | 0.120   |
| Dhio                      | 8.1  | 7.7        | -0.028                           | -0.047  |
| Oklahoma                  | 8.9  | 9.1        | 0.508                            | 0.692   |
| Dregon                    | 6.3  | 6.1        | 0.602                            | -0.401  |
| Pennsylvania              | 6.8  | 6.6        | -0.122                           | -0.319  |
| Rhode Island              | 6.0  | 5.9        | -0.098                           | -0.296  |
| South Carolina            | 8.9  | 8.2        | 1.170                            | 1.716   |
| South Dakota              | 6.7  | 6.4        | 0.630                            | 1.514   |
| ennessee                  | 8.6  | 7.9        | 0.827                            | 1.224   |
| exas                      | 8.2  | 8.3        | 1.290                            | 1.585   |
| Jtah                      | 4.2  | 4.2        | 1.451                            | 1.256   |
| /ermont                   | 4.4  | 5.3        | -0.112                           | 0.003   |
| /irginia                  | 5.3  | 6.1        | 0.396                            | 0.251   |
| Washington                | 5.6  | 5.5        | 1.045                            | 0.556   |
| Nest Virginia             | 10.5   | 10.4       | -0.584                           | -0.628  |
| Nisconsin                 | 5.6  | 5.7        | 0.139                            | 0.180   |
| Nyoming                   | 5.6  | 6.9        | 0.381                            | 0.359   |

 Table A.12.
 Values for third and fourth predictors

| Table A.13. | Values fo | r fifth and | sixth | predictors |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------|------------|
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------|------------|

|                      | Percentage of civilian employed<br>population age 16 and older that<br>were private wage and salary workers |         | Percentage of people not claimed on tax return<br>or claimed on tax returns that had adjusted<br>gross income below the federal poverty level |         |  |
|----------------------|---|---------|---|---------|--|
|                      | FY 2020   | FY 2022 | FY 2020   | FY 2022 |  |
| Alabama              | 73.8  | 73.9    | 39.6  | 39.4    |  |
| Alaska               | 60.6  | 65.1    | 29.3  | 27.3    |  |
| Arizona              | 75.4  | 76.2    | 36.5  | 33.3    |  |
| Arkansas             | 73.8  | 74.0    | 39.7  | 37.9    |  |
| California           | 73.3  | 74.0    | 32.4  | 30.7    |  |
| Colorado             | 73.6  | 74.7    | 27.6  | 25.0    |  |
| Connecticut          | 76.9  | 77.3    | 27.6  | 26.7    |  |
| Delaware             | 74.7  | 76.9    | 30.8  | 29.6    |  |
| District of Columbia | 66.9  | 67.2    | 42.8  | 35.8    |  |
| Florida              | 74.8  | 75.5    | 36.5  | 33.2    |  |
| Georgia              | 74.8  | 75.5    | 38.2  | 37.1    |  |
|                      | 66.0  |         |   |         |  |
| Hawaii               |   | 66.4    | 30.5  | 30.6    |  |
| Idaho                | 72.1  | 72.9    | 26.6  | 26.5    |  |
| Illinois<br>Indiana  | 77.8  | 77.8    | 30.4  | 29.3    |  |
| Indiana              | 79.8  | 80.3    | 30.6  | 29.4    |  |
| lowa                 | 75.4  | 74.6    | 26.3  | 26.0    |  |
| Kansas               | 73.1  | 74.1    | 28.4  | 27.6    |  |
| Kentucky             | 76.6  | 76.1    | 37.0  | 35.8    |  |
| Louisiana            | 72.6  | 72.9    | 43.5  | 41.7    |  |
| Maine                | 71.4  | 73.1    | 29.3  | 28.5    |  |
| Maryland             | 68.6  | 68.0    | 29.1  | 28.4    |  |
| Massachusetts        | 77.9  | 78.5    | 27.2  | 26.5    |  |
| Michigan             | 79.5  | 79.6    | 32.4  | 31.9    |  |
| Minnesota            | 76.7  | 78.0    | 23.7  | 22.5    |  |
| Mississippi          | 70.8  | 71.5    | 42.9  | 41.7    |  |
| Missouri             | 77.2  | 77.8    | 33.0  | 31.4    |  |
| Montana              | 66.3  | 69.1    | 29.8  | 28.8    |  |
| Nebraska             | 73.5  | 74.0    | 24.7  | 24.0    |  |
| Nevada               | 76.6  | 78.7    | 33.9  | 31.7    |  |
| New Hampshire        | 76.5  | 77.2    | 22.9  | 21.4    |  |
| New Jersey           | 76.1  | 76.6    | 26.0  | 26.1    |  |
| New Mexico           | 65.0  | 65.4    | 40.2  | 38.3    |  |
| New York             | 73.0  | 73.7    | 33.1  | 33.8    |  |
| North Carolina       | 75.9  | 76.3    | 35.5  | 32.4    |  |
| North Dakota         | 70.5  | 71.2    | 24.7  | 24.1    |  |
| Ohio                 | 78.7  | 78.9    | 31.1  | 30.3    |  |
| Oklahoma             | 70.4  | 71.9    | 37.9  | 36.7    |  |
| Oregon               | 73.6  | 74.5    | 31.6  | 30.0    |  |
| Pennsylvania         | 80.2  | 80.4    | 29.6  | 29.5    |  |
| Rhode Island         | 79.1  | 76.5    | 29.3  | 29.6    |  |
| South Carolina       | 74.5  | 74.0    | 36.7  | 33.5    |  |
| South Dakota         | 72.7  | 72.4    | 25.5  | 23.5    |  |
| Tennessee            | 76.4  | 77.1    | 34.8  | 32.8    |  |
| Texas                | 74.4  | 75.5    | 34.8  | 33.3    |  |
| Utah                 | 74.8  | 75.2    | 23.2  | 22.6    |  |
| Vermont              | 70.2  | 71.6    | 25.9  | 27.1    |  |
| Virginia             | 70.8  | 70.7    | 29.9  | 27.8    |  |
| Washington           | 73.5  | 74.6    | 25.8  | 25.0    |  |
| West Virginia        | 72.3  | 73.1    | 38.9  | 37.1    |  |
| Wisconsin            | 77.7  | 78.4    | 26.3  | 24.7    |  |
| Wyoming              | 67.5  | 64.5    | 26.7  | 24.7    |  |

|                      | Median household income |         | policy that did not in | r a State had a BBCE<br>Iclude a resource test<br>Ie-eligible households |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---------|------------------------|--|
|                      | FY 2020                 | FY 2022 | FY 2020                | FY 2022  |
| Alabama              | 5.40                    | 6.00    | 0                      | 0  |
| Alaska               | 8.02                    | 8.80    | 0                      | 0  |
| Arizona              | 6.48                    | 7.50    | 1                      | 1  |
| Arkansas             | 5.12                    | 5.50    | 0                      | 0  |
| California           | 8.31                    | 9.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| Colorado             | 7.77                    | 8.90    | 0                      | 0  |
| Connecticut          | 7.97                    | 8.80    | 1                      | 1  |
| Delaware             | 7.09                    | 8.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| District of Columbia | 9.68                    | 10.10   | 1                      | 1  |
| Florida              | 6.17                    | 6.90    | 1                      | 1  |
| Georgia              | 6.28                    | 7.30    | 1                      | 1  |
| Hawaii               | 8.64                    | 9.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| Idaho                | 6.28                    | 7.30    | 0                      | 0  |
| Illinois             | 7.12                    | 7.70    | 1                      | 1  |
| Indiana              | 6.08                    | 6.70    | 0                      | 0  |
| lowa                 | 6.22                    | 7.00    | 0                      | 0  |
| Kansas               | 6.33                    | 6.90    | 0                      | 0  |
| Kentucky             | 5.42                    | 5.90    | 1                      | 1  |
| Louisiana            | 5.17                    | 5.50    | 0                      | 0  |
| Maine                | 5.88                    | 7.00    | 1                      | 1  |
| Maryland             | 8.87                    | 9.50    | 1                      | 1  |
| Massachusetts        | 8.73                    | 9.40    | 0                      | 0  |
| Michigan             | 6.15                    | 6.70    | 1                      | 1  |
| Minnesota            | 7.55                    | 8.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| Mississippi          | 4.72                    | 5.30    | 0                      | 0  |
| Missouri             | 5.88                    | 6.50    | 0                      | 0  |
| Montana              | 5.72                    | 6.80    | 0                      | 0  |
| Nebraska             | 6.46                    | 7.00    | 0                      | 0  |
| Nevada               | 6.46                    | 7.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| New Hampshire        | 8.10                    | 9.00    | 0                      | 0  |
| New Jersey           | 8.70                    | 9.60    | 1                      | 1  |
| New Mexico           | 5.21                    | 6.00    | 1                      | 1  |
| New York             | 7.34                    | 8.00    | 1                      | 1  |
| North Carolina       | 5.96                    | 6.70    | 1                      | 1  |
| North Dakota         | 6.20                    | 7.20    | 0                      | 0  |
| Ohio                 | 6.03                    | 6.60    | 1                      | 1  |
| Oklahoma             | 5.45                    | 6.00    | 0                      | 0  |
| Oregon               | 6.79                    | 7.60    | 1                      | 1  |
| Pennsylvania         | 6.49                    | 7.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| Rhode Island         | 7.57                    | 8.20    | 1                      | 1  |
| South Carolina       | 5.70                    | 6.40    | 1                      | 1  |
| South Dakota         | 6.06                    | 7.00    | 0                      | 0  |
| Tennessee            | 5.70                    | 6.50    | 0                      | 0  |
| Texas                | 6.60                    | 7.20    | 0                      | 0  |
| Utah                 | 7.78                    | 8.90    | 0                      | 0  |
| Vermont              | 6.74                    | 7.40    | 1                      | 1  |
| Virginia             | 7.92                    | 8.60    | 0                      | 1  |
| Washington           | 8.04                    | 9.10    | 1                      | 1  |
| West Virginia        | 4.94                    | 5.40    | 1                      | 1  |
| Wisconsin            | 6.49                    | 7.10    | 1                      | 1  |
| Wyoming              | 6.64                    | 7.00    | 0                      | 0  |

# Table A.14. Values for seventh and eighth predictors

|                      | Regression      | n estimates            | Standar | d errors |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------|----------|
|                      | FY 2020         | FY 2022                | FY 2020 | FY 2022  |
| Alabama              | 85.33           | 84.33                  | 4.835   | 4.627    |
| Alaska               | 79.54           | 69.87                  | 5.312   | 5.100    |
| Arizona              | 69.64           | 73.29                  | 4.820   | 4.623    |
| Arkansas             | 58.94           | 54.14                  | 4.647   | 4.796    |
| California           | 64.97           | 77.27                  | 5.217   | 5.403    |
| Colorado             | 79.26           | 94.75                  | 4.413   | 4.719    |
| Connecticut          | 89.91           | 92.73                  | 4.573   | 4.562    |
| Delaware             | 94.76           | 87.50                  | 4.455   | 4.784    |
| District of Columbia | 94.77           | 120.79                 | 6.362   | 6.953    |
| Florida              | 75.19           | 75.74                  | 4.638   | 4.987    |
| Georgia              | 72.89           | 85.31                  | 4.384   | 4.907    |
| Hawaii               | 83.17           | 77.04                  | 4.940   | 5.573    |
| Idaho                | 79.89           | 69.80                  | 5.190   | 4.535    |
|                      |                 |                        |         |          |
| Illinois<br>Indiana  | 104.34<br>74.37 | <u>116.50</u><br>84.62 | 4.725   | 4.846    |
|                      | 86.97           | 91.51                  | 4.473   |          |
| lowa<br>Kansas       | 63.90           | 74.85                  | 4.473   | 4.756    |
| Kansas               |                 |                        |         |          |
| Kentucky             | 63.05           | 71.94                  | 4.626   | 4.850    |
| Louisiana            | 85.40           | 93.90                  | 4.819   | 5.045    |
| Maine                | 83.03           | 90.15                  | 4.599   | 5.018    |
| Maryland             | 88.15           | 79.28                  | 4.759   | 5.091    |
| Massachusetts        | 102.98          | 119.23                 | 5.465   | 5.868    |
| Michigan             | 83.52           | 96.77                  | 4.475   | 4.539    |
| Minnesota            | 80.12           | 90.89                  | 4.475   | 4.781    |
| Mississippi          | 60.74           | 69.22                  | 5.437   | 4.827    |
| Missouri             | 81.85           | 86.12                  | 4.612   | 4.696    |
| Montana              | 74.77           | 70.20                  | 4.823   | 4.894    |
| Nebraska             | 82.04           | 87.21                  | 4.521   | 4.832    |
| Nevada               | 86.66           | 93.02                  | 4.709   | 4.601    |
| New Hampshire        | 81.80           | 83.13                  | 4.785   | 4.959    |
| New Jersey           | 77.42           | 86.22                  | 5.097   | 4.868    |
| New Mexico           | 106.03          | 121.65                 | 6.076   | 6.833    |
| New York             | 82.44           | 86.48                  | 4.480   | 4.606    |
| North Carolina       | 76.88           | 94.84                  | 4.321   | 4.479    |
| North Dakota         | 66.41           | 78.34                  | 4.635   | 4.855    |
| Ohio                 | 86.37           | 94.29                  | 4.401   | 4.592    |
| Oklahoma             | 85.38           | 92.86                  | 4.523   | 4.742    |
| Oregon               | 102.00          | 111.79                 | 4.487   | 4.905    |
| Pennsylvania         | 107.19          | 107.20                 | 4.842   | 4.765    |
| Rhode Island         | 106.79          | 97.26                  | 4.731   | 4.459    |
| South Carolina       | 69.52           | 70.94                  | 4.585   | 4.817    |
| South Dakota         | 80.70           | 78.89                  | 4.614   | 5.475    |
| Tennessee            | 84.34           | 78.21                  | 4.353   | 4.353    |
| Texas                | 76.23           | 73.39                  | 4.599   | 4.699    |
| Utah                 | 77.13           | 73.25                  | 4.814   | 4.789    |
| Vermont              | 93.50           | 92.97                  | 5.047   | 4.859    |
| Virginia             | 75.02           | 76.18                  | 4.526   | 4.728    |
| Washington           | 96.46           | 94.96                  | 5.212   | 4.841    |
| West Virginia        | 91.67           | 96.60                  | 4.830   | 4.930    |
| Wisconsin            | 92.45           | 108.72                 | 4.516   | 5.035    |
| Wyoming              | 52.87           | 60.17                  | 5.051   | 5.883    |

# Table A.15. Regression estimates of SNAP participation rates, with standard errors

|                      | FY 2020 | FY 2022 |
|----------------------|---------|---------|
| Alabama              | 85.70   | 85.34   |
| Alaska               | 78.65   | 69.11   |
| Arizona              | 71.01   | 73.35   |
| Arkansas             | 61.94   | 55.91   |
| California           | 65.72   | 76.58   |
| Colorado             | 78.15   | 94.87   |
| Connecticut          | 90.83   | 93.27   |
| Delaware             | 93.69   | 86.75   |
| District of Columbia | 93.78   | 119.06  |
| Florida              | 75.10   | 76.65   |
| Georgia              | 73.69   | 87.51   |
| Hawaii               | 83.08   | 76.73   |
| Idaho                | 81.35   | 69.25   |
| Illinois             | 107.66  | 119.79  |
| Indiana              | 73.92   | 84.53   |
|                      | 87.18   | 92.69   |
| lowa                 | 65.42   |         |
| Kansas               |         | 74.94   |
| Kentucky             | 63.24   | 70.86   |
| Louisiana            | 85.28   | 94.15   |
| Maine                | 82.64   | 89.19   |
| Maryland             | 88.83   | 80.70   |
| Massachusetts        | 102.68  | 119.59  |
| Michigan             | 82.39   | 95.32   |
| Minnesota            | 77.88   | 88.58   |
| Mississippi          | 61.62   | 69.79   |
| Missouri             | 84.14   | 87.23   |
| Montana              | 76.34   | 71.30   |
| Nebraska             | 82.32   | 88.49   |
| Nevada               | 87.20   | 93.24   |
| New Hampshire        | 78.57   | 78.17   |
| New Jersey           | 78.14   | 86.44   |
| New Mexico           | 103.95  | 119.59  |
| New York             | 81.84   | 86.68   |
| North Carolina       | 71.13   | 89.93   |
| North Dakota         | 65.64   | 77.14   |
| Ohio                 | 83.21   | 93.75   |
| Oklahoma             | 86.59   | 93.50   |
| Oregon               | 104.57  | 113.65  |
| Pennsylvania         | 107.26  | 106.40  |
| Rhode Island         | 107.45  | 98.52   |
| South Carolina       | 69.98   | 71.97   |
| South Dakota         | 80.61   | 79.85   |
| Tennessee            | 85.02   | 80.16   |
| Texas                | 71.77   | 70.06   |
| Utah                 | 76.44   | 72.25   |
| Vermont              | 93.93   | 93.98   |
| Virginia             | 77.21   | 79.00   |
| Washington           | 99.48   | 97.96   |
|                      | 89.02   | 97.96   |
| West Virginia        |         |         |
| Wisconsin            | 94.70   | 110.51  |
| Wyoming              | 50.77   | 59.39   |

# Table A.16. Preliminary shrinkage estimates of SNAP participation rates

|                           | Final shrinka | age estimates | Standard errors |         |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|
|                           | FY 2020       | FY 2022       | FY 2020         | FY 2022 |
| Alabama                   | 87.88         | 89.88         | 4.029           | 3.857   |
| Alaska                    | 80.65         | 72.78         | 3.970           | 4.066   |
| Arizona                   | 72.81         | 77.25         | 3.885           | 3.237   |
| Arkansas                  | 63.51         | 58.89         | 3.234           | 2.767   |
| California                | 67.39         | 80.65         | 1.692           | 2.371   |
| Colorado                  | 80.14         | 99.92         | 3.951           | 4.469   |
| Connecticut               | 93.14         | 98.22         | 4.048           | 4.058   |
| Delaware                  | 96.07         | 91.36         | 3.670           | 4.068   |
| District of Columbia      | 96.16         | 100.00        | 4.679           | 6.145   |
| Florida                   | 77.01         | 80.73         | 2.408           | 2.878   |
| Georgia                   | 75.56         | 92.17         | 3.164           | 3.722   |
| Hawaii                    | 85.19         | 80.81         | 4.017           | 4.499   |
| Idaho                     | 83.42         | 72.93         | 4.038           | 3.107   |
| Illinois                  | 100.00        | 100.00        | 4.061           | 4.425   |
| Indiana                   | 75.80         | 89.02         | 3.008           | 3.679   |
| lowa                      | 89.40         | 97.62         | 3.800           | 4.265   |
| Kansas                    | 67.08         | 78.92         | 3.816           | 4.265   |
| Kentucky                  | 64.85         | 74.63         | 3.382           | 3.717   |
| Louisiana                 | 87.45         | 99.16         | 3.040           | 3.708   |
| Maine                     | 84.74         | 93.93         | 4.055           | 4.505   |
|                           | 91.09         | 84.99         |                 | 4.505   |
| Maryland<br>Massachusetts |               | 100.00        | 4.102           | 5.065   |
|                           | 100.00        |               |                 |         |
| Michigan                  | 84.48         | 100.00        | 3.121           | 3.503   |
| Minnesota                 | 79.86         | 93.29         | 3.757           | 4.140   |
| Mississippi               | 63.19         | 73.50         | 3.213           | 3.028   |
| Missouri                  | 86.28         | 91.87         | 4.182           | 4.116   |
| Montana                   | 78.28         | 75.08         | 3.701           | 3.814   |
| Nebraska                  | 84.42         | 93.19         | 3.758           | 4.578   |
| Nevada                    | 89.41         | 98.19         | 3.603           | 3.929   |
| New Hampshire             | 80.56         | 82.33         | 4.371           | 4.486   |
| New Jersey                | 80.13         | 91.03         | 3.840           | 3.961   |
| New Mexico                | 100.00        | 100.00        | 4.823           | 6.317   |
| New York                  | 83.92         | 91.28         | 2.393           | 2.939   |
| North Carolina            | 72.94         | 94.71         | 3.001           | 3.415   |
| North Dakota              | 67.31         | 81.23         | 3.448           | 3.991   |
| Ohio                      | 85.32         | 98.73         | 3.301           | 3.937   |
| Oklahoma                  | 88.80         | 98.47         | 3.571           | 3.972   |
| Oregon                    | 100.00        | 100.00        | 4.542           | 4.882   |
| Pennsylvania              | 100.00        | 100.00        | 4.015           | 3.996   |
| Rhode Island              | 100.00        | 100.00        | 4.401           | 4.345   |
| South Carolina            | 71.76         | 75.80         | 2.935           | 3.551   |
| South Dakota              | 82.66         | 84.09         | 4.310           | 5.049   |
| Tennessee                 | 87.18         | 84.42         | 3.437           | 3.661   |
| Texas                     | 73.59         | 73.79         | 2.230           | 2.141   |
| Utah                      | 78.38         | 76.09         | 3.896           | 3.751   |
| Vermont                   | 96.32         | 98.98         | 4.386           | 4.291   |
| Virginia                  | 79.17         | 83.20         | 3.872           | 4.002   |
| Washington                | 100.00        | 100.00        | 5.186           | 4.558   |
| West Virginia             | 91.28         | 97.57         | 4.368           | 3.647   |
| Wisconsin                 | 97.11         | 100.00        | 4.214           | 4.880   |
| Wyoming                   | 52.06         | 62.55         | 3.775           | 4.540   |

# Table A.17. Final shrinkage estimates of SNAP participation rates, with standard errors

|                      | Final shrink       | age estimates        | Standard errors  |                  |
|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                      | FY 2020            | FY 2022              | FY 2020          | FY 2022          |
| Alabama              | 761,585            | 796,869              | 35,599           | 35,931           |
| Alaska               | 90,965             | 70,014               | 4,565            | 4,110            |
| Arizona              | 919,765            | 822,250              | 50,024           | 36,204           |
| Arkansas             | 505,245            | 454,106              | 26,226           | 22,414           |
| California           | 5,289,523          | 4,617,552            | 135,400          | 142,604          |
| Colorado             | 482,926            | 427,576              | 24,270           | 20,092           |
| Connecticut          | 314,890            | 304,710              | 13,950           | 13,225           |
| Delaware             | 95,599             | 92,179               | 3,723            | 4,312            |
| District of Columbia | 105,814            | 124,462              | 5,249            | 5,111            |
| Florida              | 3,093,555          | 2,926,900            | 98,592           | 109,629          |
| Georgia              | 1,617,862          | 1,534,743            | 69,055           | 65,109           |
| Hawaii               | 162,228            | 161,104              | 7,798            | 9,424            |
| Idaho                | 159,163            | 156,238              | 7,853            | 6,992            |
| Illinois             | 1,464,451          | 1,539,693            | 49,736           | 44,974           |
| Indiana              | 694,399            | 625,253              | 28,095           | 27,150           |
| lowa                 | 276,566            | 224,333              | 11,983           | 10,297           |
| Kansas               | 282,332            | 230,768              | 16,372           | 12,383           |
| Kentucky             | 703,605            | 633.417              | 37,407           | 33,141           |
| Louisiana            | 888,849            | 775.630              | 31,500           | 30,471           |
| Maine                | 146,927            | 126,472              | 7,168            | 6,372            |
| Maryland             | 578,842            | 543,232              | 26,574           | 31,441           |
| Massachusetts        | 628,514            | 815,773              | 25,899           | 27,370           |
| Michigan             |                    |                      |                  |                  |
|                      | 1,184,717          | 1,026,970<br>372,438 | 44,619           | 37,506           |
| Minnesota            | 429,491<br>660,526 | <u> </u>             | 20,599<br>34,235 | 17,363<br>23,652 |
| Mississippi          | '                  | ,                    |                  | ,                |
| Missouri             | 746,891            | 650,863              | 36,904           | 30,638           |
| Montana              | 112,415            | 99,076               | 5,419            | 5,287            |
| Nebraska             | 167,557            | 144,217              | 7,603            | 7,442            |
| Nevada               | 370,395            | 350,325              | 15,217           | 14,727           |
| New Hampshire        | 77,651             | 68,108               | 4,295            | 3,899            |
| New Jersey           | 745,738            | 774,508              | 36,435           | 35,404           |
| New Mexico           | 403,267            | 439,272              | 17,451           | 18,380           |
| New York             | 2,651,224          | 2,557,581            | 77,069           | 86,496           |
| North Carolina       | 1,468,010          | 1,273,122            | 61,572           | 48,226           |
| North Dakota         | 55,942             | 46,050               | 2,921            | 2,377            |
| Ohio                 | 1,438,102          | 1,307,013            | 56,725           | 54,749           |
| Oklahoma             | 602,287            | 597,177              | 24,688           | 25,303           |
| Oregon               | 502,802            | 483,101              | 20,247           | 17,297           |
| Pennsylvania         | 1,520,221          | 1,387,198            | 51,427           | 46,379           |
| Rhode Island         | 118,935            | 111,905              | 4,395            | 4,746            |
| South Carolina       | 750,306            | 732,890              | 31,279           | 36,075           |
| South Dakota         | 91,962             | 80,223               | 4,888            | 5,060            |
| Tennessee            | 939,318            | 869,286              | 37,743           | 39,608           |
| Texas                | 3,894,503          | 3,846,398            | 120,290          | 117,238          |
| Utah                 | 202,667            | 197,170              | 10,269           | 10,212           |
| Vermont              | 56,773             | 54,697               | 2,635            | 2,491            |
| Virginia             | 834,282            | 804,116              | 41,595           | 40,640           |
| Washington           | 657,121            | 625,211              | 33,385           | 28,131           |
| West Virginia        | 291,023            | 255,283              | 14,196           | 10,025           |
| Wisconsin            | 521,557            | 527,559              | 23,071           | 19,968           |
| Whoming              | 17 160             | 17 106               | 2 500            | 2 500            |

47,469

47,196

3,509

| Table A.18. Final shrinkage estimates of numbe | er of people eligible for SNAP, with standard |
|--|---|
| errors   |   |

Wyoming

3,599

Appendix B

Data for Figures in Cunnyngham 2025

|                                |                      |   |                                       | 1 51                       |                                       |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Eligible people<br>(thousands) | State                |   | Lower bound of<br>confidence interval | FY 2022 participation rate | Upper bound of<br>confidence interval |
| 1,540                          | Illinois             | * | 93                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 439                            | New Mexico           | * | 90                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 816                            | Massachusetts        | * | 92                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 124                            | District of Columbia | * | 90                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 483                            | Oregon               | * | 92                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 528                            | Wisconsin            | * | 92                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 1,387                          | Pennsylvania         | * | 93                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 112                            | Rhode Island         | * | 93                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 625                            | Washington           | * | 93                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 1,027                          | Michigan             | * | 94                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 428                            | Colorado             | * | 93                                    | 100                        | 100                                   |
| 776                            | Louisiana            | * | 93                                    | 99                         | 100                                   |
| 55                             | Vermont              | * | 92                                    | 99                         | 100                                   |
| 1,307                          | Ohio                 | * | 92                                    | 99                         | 100                                   |
| 597                            | Oklahoma             | * | 92                                    | 98                         | 100                                   |
|                                |                      | * |                                       |                            |                                       |
| 305                            | Connecticut          | * | 92                                    | 98                         | 100                                   |
| 350                            | Nevada               | * | 92                                    | 98                         | 100                                   |
| 224                            | lowa                 |   | 91                                    | 98                         | 100                                   |
| 255                            | West Virginia        | * | 92                                    | 98                         | 100                                   |
| 1,273                          | North Carolina       | * | 89                                    | 95                         | 100                                   |
| 126                            | Maine                |   | 87                                    | 94                         | 100                                   |
| 372                            | Minnesota            |   | 86                                    | 93                         | 100                                   |
| 144                            | Nebraska             |   | 86                                    | 93                         | 100                                   |
| 1,535                          | Georgia              |   | 86                                    | 92                         | 98                                    |
| 651                            | Missouri             |   | 85                                    | 92                         | 99                                    |
| 92                             | Delaware             |   | 85                                    | 91                         | 98                                    |
| 2,558                          | New York             |   | 86                                    | 91                         | 96                                    |
| 775                            | New Jersey           |   | 85                                    | 91                         | 98                                    |
| 797                            | Alabama              |   | 84                                    | 90                         | 96                                    |
| 625                            | Indiana              |   | 83                                    | 89                         | 95                                    |
| 543                            | Maryland             |   | 77                                    | 85                         | 93                                    |
| 869                            | Tennessee            | * | 78                                    | 84                         | 90                                    |
| 80                             | South Dakota         |   | 76                                    | 84                         | 92                                    |
| 804                            | Virginia             | * | 77                                    | 83                         | 90                                    |
| 68                             | New Hampshire        | * | 75                                    | 82                         | 90                                    |
| 46                             | North Dakota         | * | 75                                    | 81                         | 88                                    |
| 161                            | Hawaii               | * | 73                                    | 81                         | 88                                    |
| 2,927                          | Florida              | * | 76                                    | 81                         | 85                                    |
| 4,618                          | California           | * | 77                                    | 81                         | 85                                    |
| 231                            | Kansas               | * | 72                                    | 79                         | 86                                    |
| 822                            | Arizona              | * | 72                                    | 77                         | 83                                    |
| 197                            | Utah                 | * | 70                                    | 76                         | 82                                    |
| 733                            | South Carolina       | * | 70                                    | 76                         | 82                                    |
|                                |                      | * |                                       |                            |                                       |
| 99                             | Montana              | * | 69                                    | 75<br>75                   | 81                                    |
| 633                            | Kentucky             | * | 69                                    | 75 74                      | 81                                    |
| 3,846                          | Texas                |   | 70                                    |                            | 77                                    |
| 546                            | Mississippi          | * | 69                                    | 74                         | 78                                    |
| 156                            | Idaho                | * | 68                                    | 73                         | 78                                    |
| 70                             | Alaska               | * | 66                                    | 73                         | 79                                    |
| 47                             | Wyoming              | * | 55                                    | 63                         | 70                                    |
| 454                            | Arkansas             | * | 54                                    | 59                         | 63                                    |

#### Table B.1a. How many people were eligible in 2022? What percentage participated? (States)

\*State's participation rate was significantly different from the national participation rate of 88 percent.

| Table B.1b. How many people were eligible in 2022? What percentage participated? (Regions |
|---|
| and national)   |

| Eligible people<br>(thousands) | Region                 | Lower bound of confidence interval | FY 2022 participation rate | Upper bound of<br>confidence interval |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 5,623                          | Midwest Region         | 94                                 | 98                         | 100                                   |
| 4,039                          | Northeast Region       | 90                                 | 94                         | 98                                    |
| 3,981                          | Mid-Atlantic Region    | 89                                 | 92                         | 96                                    |
| 1,726                          | Mountain Plains Region | 86                                 | 90                         | 94                                    |
| 6,464                          | Western Region         | 81                                 | 85                         | 88                                    |
| 9,314                          | Southeast Region       | 82                                 | 84                         | 87                                    |
| 7,132                          | Southwest Region       | 77                                 | 80                         | 82                                    |
| 38,279                         | United States          | 86                                 | 88                         | 89                                    |

# Table B.2a. Estimates of participation rates (States)

|   | FY 2020 | FY 2022  |
|---|---------|----------|
| Rates were significantly higher than half of the other States for both years              |         |          |
| Connecticut   | 93      | 98       |
| District of Columbia  | 96      | 100      |
| llinois   | 100     | 100      |
| Massachusetts   | 100     | 100      |
| New Mexico  | 100     | 100      |
| Dregon  | 100     | 100      |
| Pennsylvania  | 100     | 100      |
| Rhode Island  | 100     | 100      |
| Vermont   | 96      | 99       |
| Washington  | 100     | 100      |
| Wisconsin   | 97      | 100      |
| Rates were not significantly higher or lower than half of the other States for both years |         |          |
| Alabama   | 88      | 90       |
| Alaska  | 81      | 73       |
| Colorado  | 80      | 100      |
| Delaware  | 96      | 91       |
| Georgia   | 76      | 92       |
| Hawaii  | 85      | 81       |
| daho  | 83      | 73       |
| Indiana   | 76      | 89       |
| lowa  | 89      | 98       |
| Louisiana   | 87      | 99       |
| Maine   | 85      | 94       |
| Maryland  | 91      | 85       |
| Michigan  | 84      | 100      |
| Vinnesota   | 80      | 93       |
| Vissouri  | 86      | 92       |
| Montana   | 78      | 75       |
| Nebraska  | 84      | 93       |
| Nevada  | 89      | 98       |
| New Hampshire   | 81      | 82       |
| New Jersey  | 80      | 91       |
| New York  | 84      | 91       |
| North Carolina  | 73      | 95       |
| Dhio  | 85      | 95       |
|   | 89      |          |
| Oklahoma<br>Sauth Dakata  | 83      | 98<br>84 |
| South Dakota  |         |          |
| Tennessee   | 87      | 84       |
| Utah<br>Generatie   | 78      | 76       |
| Virginia  | 79      | 83       |
| West Virginia   | 91      | 98       |
| Rates were significantly lower than half of the other States for both years               | 70      |          |
| Arizona   | 73      |          |
| Arkansas  | 64      | 59       |
| California  | 67      | 81       |
| Florida   | 77      | 81       |
| Kansas  | 67      | 79       |
| Kentucky  | 65      | 75       |
| Mississippi   | 63      | 74       |
| North Dakota  | 67      | 81       |
| South Carolina  | 72      | 76       |
| Texas   | 74      | 74       |
| Wyoming   | 52      | 63       |

|                        | FY 2020 | FY 2022 |  |  |
|------------------------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Mid-Atlantic Region    | 90      | 92      |  |  |
| Midwest Region         | 88      | 98      |  |  |
| Mountain Plains Region | 80      | 90      |  |  |
| Northeast Region       | 88      | 94      |  |  |
| Southeast Region       | 76      | 84      |  |  |
| Southwest Region       | 77      | 80      |  |  |
| Western Region         | 75      | 85      |  |  |
| United States          | 81      | 88      |  |  |

# Table B.2b. Estimates of participation rates (Regions and national)

| FY 2022            |                      | Upper bound of      |              | Lower bound of      |
|--------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| participation rate | State                | confidence interval | FY 2022 rank | confidence interval |
| 100                | Illinois             | 1                   | 1            | 5                   |
| 100                | New Mexico           | 1                   | 2            | 6                   |
| 100                | Massachusetts        | 1                   | 3            | 5                   |
| 100                | District of Columbia | 1                   | 4            | 6                   |
| 100                | Oregon               | 2                   | 5            | 7                   |
| 100                | Wisconsin            | 3                   | 6            | 7                   |
| 100                | Pennsylvania         | 5                   | 7            | 8                   |
| 100                | Rhode Island         | 7                   | 8            | 17                  |
| 100                | Washington           | 7                   | 9            | 20                  |
| 100                | Michigan             | 8                   | 10           | 20                  |
| 100                | Colorado             | 8                   | 11           | 23                  |
| 99                 | Louisiana            | 9                   | 12           | 23                  |
| 99                 | Vermont              | 8                   | 13           | 24                  |
| 99                 | Ohio                 | 9                   | 14           | 24                  |
| 98                 | Oklahoma             | 9                   | 15           | 25                  |
| 98                 | Connecticut          | 9                   | 16           | 25                  |
| 98                 | Nevada               | 9                   | 17           | 25                  |
| 98                 | lowa                 | 9                   | 18           | 26                  |
| 98                 | West Virginia        | 9                   | 19           | 26                  |
| 95                 | North Carolina       | 13                  | 20           | 28                  |
| 94                 | Maine                | 12                  | 21           | 31                  |
| 93                 | Minnesota            | 13                  | 22           | 31                  |
| 93                 | Nebraska             | 13                  | 23           | 32                  |
| 92                 | Georgia              | 15                  | 24           | 32                  |
| 92                 | Missouri             | 15                  | 25           | 32                  |
| 91                 | Delaware             | 16                  | 26           | 33                  |
| 91                 | New York             | 18                  | 27           | 31                  |
| 91                 | New Jersey           | 16                  | 28           | 33                  |
| 90                 | Alabama              | 18                  | 29           | 34                  |
| 89                 | Indiana              | 20                  | 30           | 35                  |
| 85                 | Maryland             | 24                  | 31           | 41                  |
| 84                 | Tennessee            | 27                  | 32           | 40                  |
| 84                 | South Dakota         | 24                  | 33           | 40 43               |
| 83                 | Virginia             | 28                  | 34           | 43                  |
| 82                 | New Hampshire        | 28                  | 35           | 44                  |
| 81                 | North Dakota         | 30                  | 36           | 44 44               |
| 81                 | Hawaii               | 29                  | 37           | 44 46               |
| 81                 | Florida              | 32                  | 38           | 40 43               |
| 81                 | California           | 32                  | 39           | 43                  |
| 79                 | Kansas               | 32                  | 40           | 47                  |
| 77                 | Arizona              | 35                  | 40 41        | 47                  |
| 76                 | Utah                 | 36                  | 41           | 49                  |
| 76                 | South Carolina       | 36                  | 42           | 49 49               |
|                    |                      | 36 37               | 43           | 49 49               |
| <u></u>            | Montana<br>Kentucky  | 37                  | 44 45        | 49 49               |
| 75                 |                      | 41                  | 45 46        | 49 49               |
|                    | Texas<br>Mississippi |                     |              |                     |
| 74                 |                      | <u> </u>            | 47           | 49                  |
| 73                 | Idaho                | 39                  | 48           | 49                  |
| 73                 | Alaska               |                     | 49           | 49                  |
| 63                 | Wyoming              | 49                  | 50           | 51                  |
| 59                 | Arkansas             | 50                  | 51           | 51                  |

# **Table B.3.** How did your State rank in 2022?

|       | IL | NM            | МА | DC | OR | wi | РА | RI | WA | МІ | со | LA | νт | он | ОК | СТ | NV |
|-------|----|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| IL    |    | -             | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NM    | -  |               | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MA    | -  | -             |    | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| DC    | -  | -             | -  |    | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| OR    | -  | -             | -  | -  |    | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WI    | L  | -             | L  | -  | -  |    | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| PA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | -  |    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| RI    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| WA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| MI    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| CO    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| LA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| VT    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| ОН    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  |
| ОК    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  |
| СТ    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  |
| NV    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    |
| IA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| WV    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| NC    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| ME    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| MN    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| NE    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| GA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| МО    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| DE    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | L  | -  |
| NY    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| NJ    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | L  | -  |
| AL    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| IN    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| MD    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| TN    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| SD    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| VA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| NH    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| ND    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| HI    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| FL    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| CA    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| KS    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| AZ    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| UT    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| SC    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| MT    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| KY    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| ТХ    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| MS    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| ID    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| AK    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| WY    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| AR    | L  | L             | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| Note: |    | -<br>l" or an |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

#### Table B.4a. How did your State compare with other States in 2022? (Illinois to Nevada)

Note: An "H" or an "L" indicates at least a 90 percent chance that either the State at the left of the row or the State at the top of the column has a higher true participation rate than the other. An "H" indicates the row State likely has the higher participation rate while an "L" indicates the column State likely has the higher rate.

|       | IA | wv | NC | ME | MN        | NE | GA | мо | DE | NY | NJ | AL | IN | MD | TN | SD | VA |
|-------|----|----|----|----|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| IL    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NM    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MA    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| DC    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| OR    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WI    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| PA    | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| RI    | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WA    | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н         | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MI    | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н         | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| CO    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| LA    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| VT    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| ОН    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| OK    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| СТ    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NV    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| IA    |    | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WV    | -  |    | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NC    | -  | -  |    | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| ME    | -  | -  | -  |    | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MN    | -  | -  | -  | -  |           | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NE    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| GA    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | -  | Н  |
| MO    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | -  | Н  |
| DE    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  |
| NY    | -  | L  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | -  | Н  |
| NJ    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  |
| AL    | L  | L  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| IN    | L  | L  | -  | -  | -         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| MD    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  |
| ΤN    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | -  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  |
| SD    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  |
| VA    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    |
| NH    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| ND    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| HI    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| FL    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| CA    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| KS    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  |
| AZ    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  |
| UT    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| SC    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| MT    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| KY    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| ТΧ    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| MS    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| ID    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| AK    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| WY    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| AR    | L  | L  | L  | L  | L         | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |
| Note: |    |    |    |    | t loast a |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

#### Table B.4b. How did your State compare with other States in 2022? (Iowa to Virginia)

Note: An "H" or an "L" indicates at least a 90 percent chance that either the State at the left of the row or the State at the top of the column has a higher true participation rate than the other. An "H" indicates the row State likely has the higher participation rate while an "L" indicates the column State likely has the higher rate.

|    | NH | ND | ні | FL | СА | KS | AZ | UT | sc | МТ | КҮ | тх | MS | ID | AK | WY | AR |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| MA | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| DC | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| OR | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WI | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| PA | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| RI | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WA | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MI | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| CO | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| LA | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| VT | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| OH | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| ОК | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| CT | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NV | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| IA | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| WV | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NC | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| ME | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MN | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NE | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| GA | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MO | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| DE | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NY | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NJ | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| AL | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| IN | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| MD | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| TN | -  | Н  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| SD | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| VA | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| NH | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| ND | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| HI |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| FL | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| CA | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| KS | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| AZ | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  | Н  |
| UT | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| SC | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| MT | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| KY | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| TX | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| MS | -  | -  | -  | -  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| ID | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| AK | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | -  | Н  | Н  |
| WY | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | -  | Н  | Н  |
| AR | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  | -  |    | Н  | Н  |
| MA | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  | L  |    | -  |
|    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

#### Table B.4c. How did your State compare with other States in 2022? (New Hampshire to Arkansas)

Note: An "H" or an "L" indicates at least a 90 percent chance that either the State at the left of the row or the State at the top of the column has a higher true participation rate than the other. An "H" indicates the row State likely has the higher participation rate while an "L" indicates the column State likely has the higher rate.

| Above 98 percent (top quarter)Between 81 and 98 percentBelow 81 percent (bottom)ColoradoAlabamaAlaskaDistrict of ColumbiaCaliforniaArizonaIllinoisConnecticutArkansasLouisianaDelawareIdahoMassachusettsFloridaKansasMichiganGeorgiaKentuckyNew MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexasRhode IslandMarylandUtah |             |
|---|-------------|
| District of ColumbiaCaliforniaArizonaIllinoisConnecticutArkansasLouisianaDelawareIdahoMassachusettsFloridaKansasMichiganGeorgiaKentuckyNew MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas  | om quarter) |
| IllinoisConnecticutArkansasLouisianaDelawareIdahoMassachusettsFloridaKansasMichiganGeorgiaKentuckyNew MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas   |             |
| LouisianaDelawareIdahoMassachusettsFloridaKansasMichiganGeorgiaKentuckyNew MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas  |             |
| MassachusettsFloridaKansasMichiganGeorgiaKentuckyNew MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas  |             |
| MichiganGeorgiaKentuckyNew MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas  |             |
| New MexicoHawaiiMississippiOhioIndianaMontanaOregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas   |             |
| Ohio     Indiana     Montana       Oregon     Iowa     South Carolina       Pennsylvania     Maine     Texas  |             |
| OregonIowaSouth CarolinaPennsylvaniaMaineTexas  |             |
| Pennsylvania Maine Texas  |             |
|   | 1           |
| Rhode Island Maryland Utah  |             |
|   |             |
| Vermont Minnesota Wyoming   |             |
| Washington Missouri   |             |
| Wisconsin Nebraska  |             |
| Nevada  |             |
| New Hampshire   |             |
| New Jersey  |             |
| New York  |             |
| North Carolina  |             |
| North Dakota  |             |
| Oklahoma  |             |
| South Dakota  |             |
| Tennessee   |             |
| Virginia  |             |
| West Virginia   |             |

# Table B.5. Estimates of participation rates varied widely

| Description   |               | States         |               |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| In 19 States and the District of Columbia, the rates      | Colorado      | Nevada         | Rhode Island  |
| were statistically significantly higher than the national | Connecticut   | New Mexico     | Vermont       |
| rate.   | Illinois      | North Carolina | Washington    |
|   | Iowa          | Ohio           | West Virginia |
|   | Louisiana     | Oklahoma       | Wisconsin     |
|   | Massachusetts | Oregon         |               |
|   | Michigan      | Pennsylvania   |               |
| In 19 States, the participation rate was                  | Alaska        | Kansas         | Tennessee     |
| significantly lower than the national rate.               | Arizona       | Kentucky       | Texas         |
|   | Arkansas      | Mississippi    | Utah          |
|   | California    | Montana        | Virginia      |
|   | Florida       | New Hampshire  | Wyoming       |
|   | Hawaii        | North Dakota   |               |
|   | Idaho         | South Carolina |               |

# **Table B.6.** Supporting detail for Cunnyngham (2025)

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